



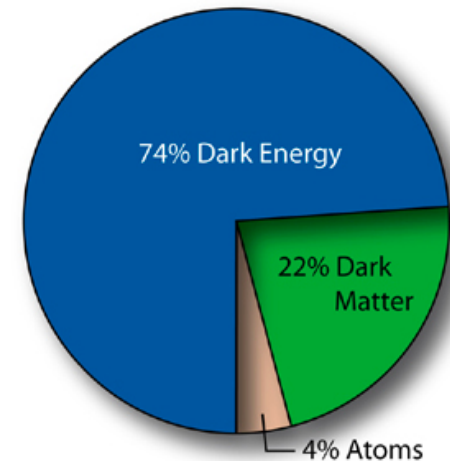
# Searches Beyond the Standard Model at the LHC

Yuri Gershtein



# There Must Be New Physics!

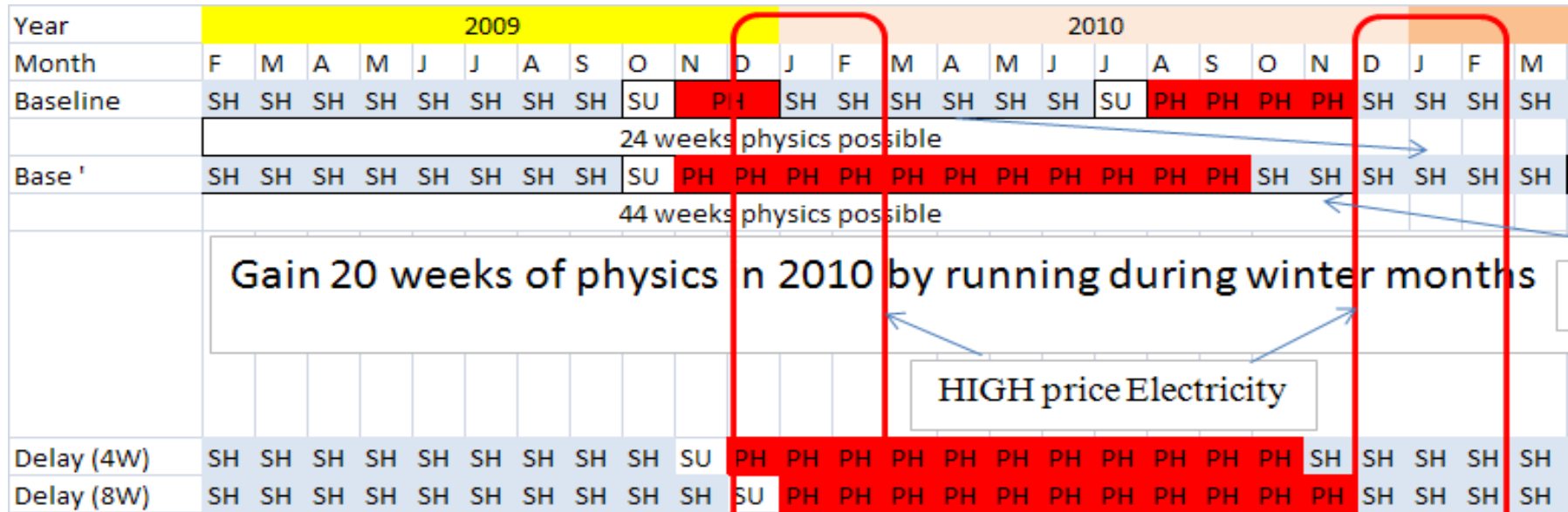
- Explain low mass of Higgs (hierarchy problem)
- Explain Dark Matter
  - why shouldn't it be produced at colliders?
- Explain matter-antimatter imbalance in the Universe
- Explain why Yukawa couplings range more than 11 orders of magnitude from electron neutrino to top quark
- Would be nice to unify gauge forces (and incorporate gravity at some point...)



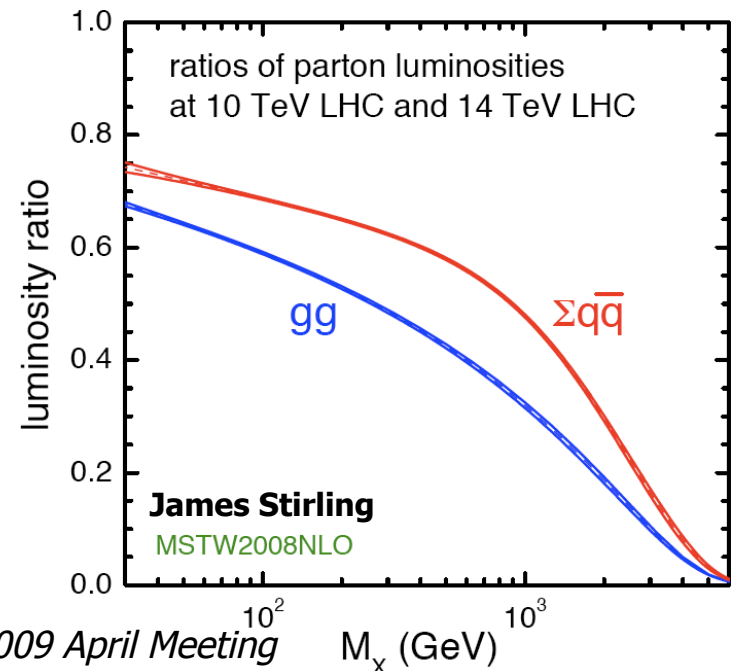
We also have ideas what this new physics could be - which lead us to believe that there is something new at energies  $\sim$  electroweak scale

- we just need to look in the right place...

# 2009-2010 LHC Run



- Money for the operation through high price electricity period are allocated, the length of the run is ~11 months with minimum sensitivity to delays
- Energy is 10 TeV, integrated luminosity ~200 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- **Dataset with real discovery potential**
  - 10 TeV is 5 times Tevatron's energy

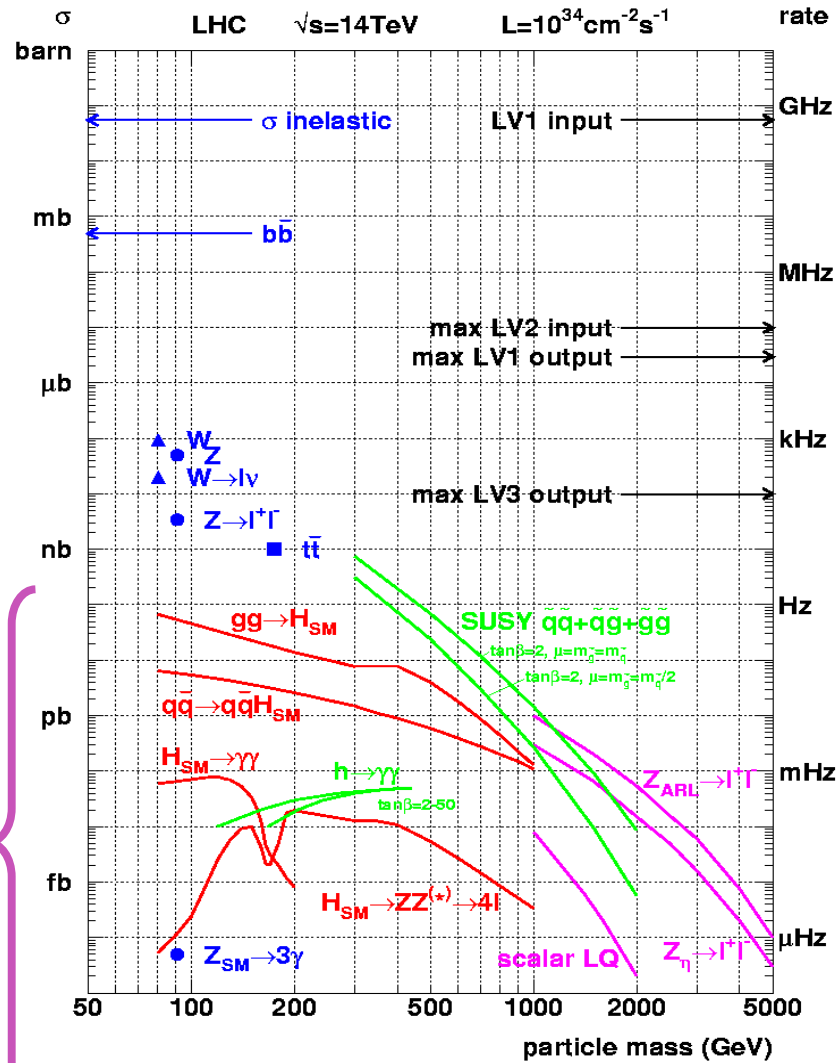


200 pb<sup>-1</sup>  
10 TeV

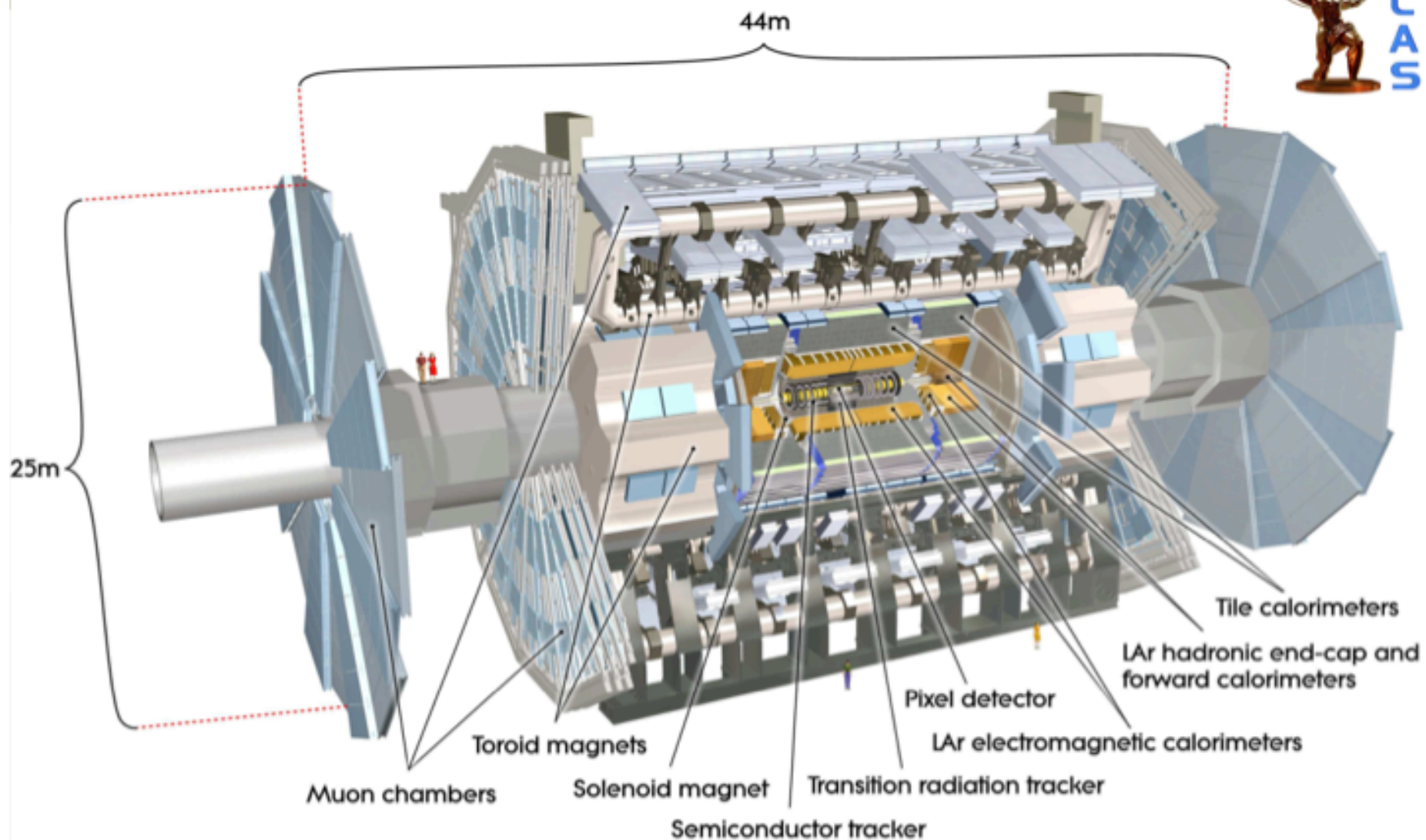
Available during  
the 2009-2010 Run

New Physics

# Event Counts



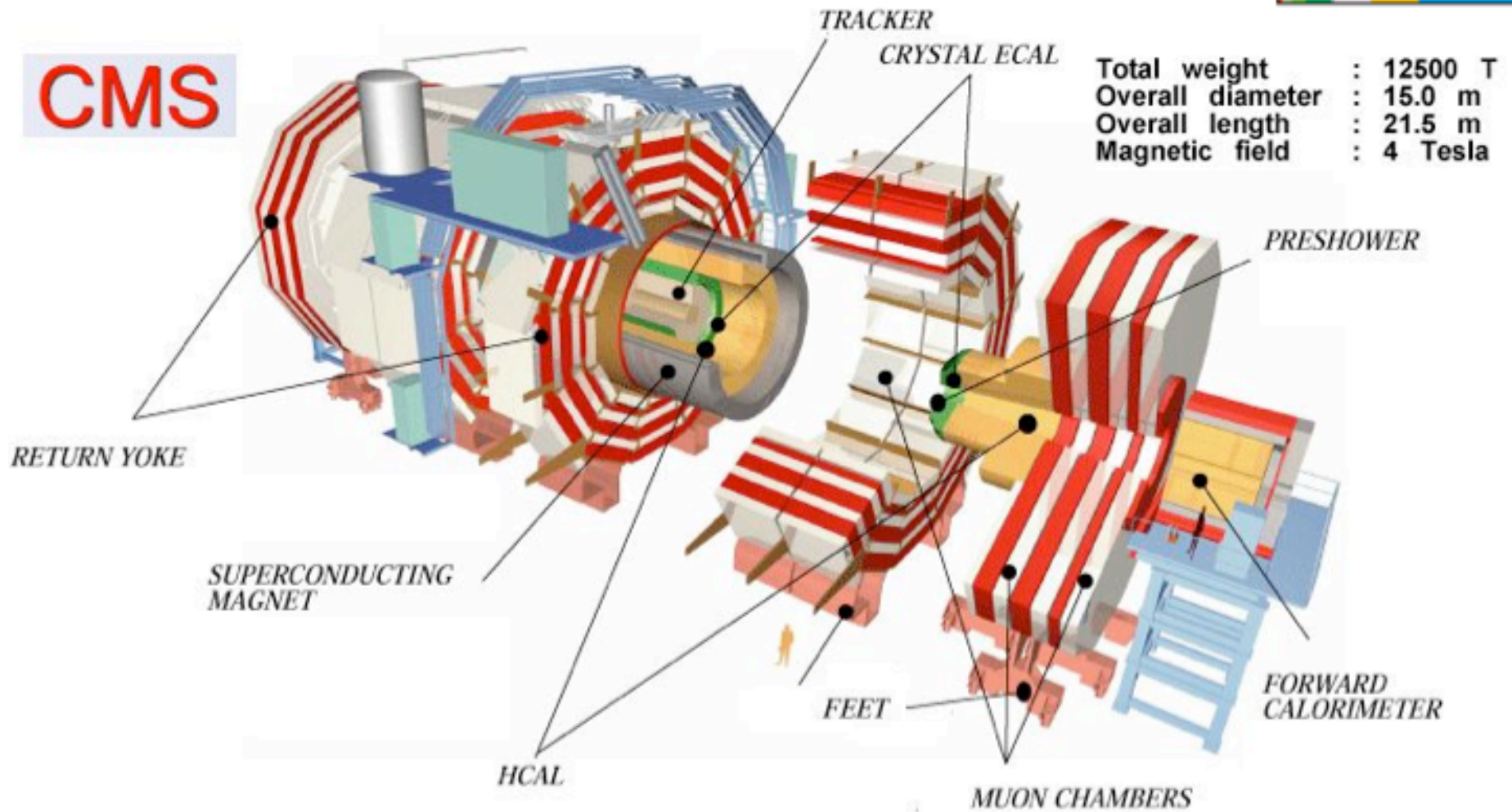
# The ATLAS detector



# The CMS detector



**CMS**



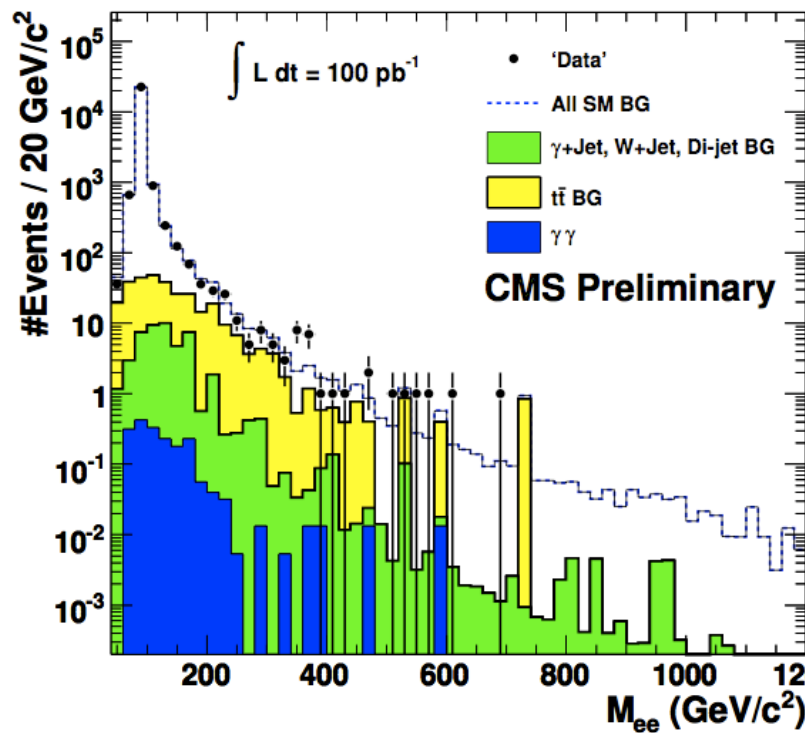
# In This Talk...

- You've heard how great the LHC discovery potential is for many years now – and we keep improving our analysis methods.
- What I'll try to do in this talk is to focus on a few examples of how we think we will be able to prove to ourselves and to the world that we have made a discovery
  - topology driven searches
  - simple and inclusive methods
  - data driven background estimation
- "Supersymmetry"
  - counting experiments & shapes of distributions
  - Jets+MET
  - lepton+Jets+MET
- "Smoking gun"
  - unmistakably sharp features (almost self-calibrating...)
  - $Z'$ ,  $W'$
  - black holes
- Detector Commissioning
  - we now have real data to work with!

# Extra Gauge Bosons

- 2 electrons

- $p_T > 30$  GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.5$  & fiducial cuts
- isolated

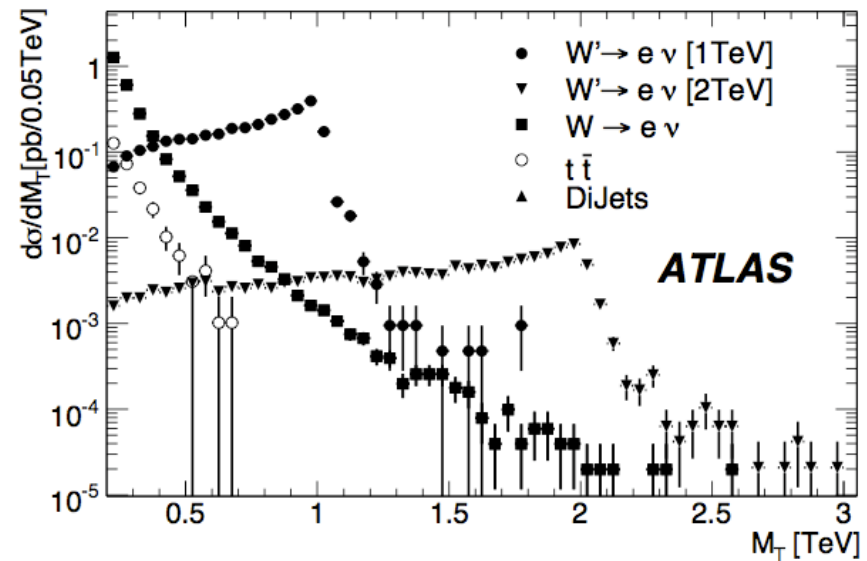


- electron

- $p_T > 50$  GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- isolated

- MET > 50 GeV

- $$\frac{\sum p_T^{\text{leptons}}}{\sum p_T^{\text{leptons}} + \sum E_T^{\text{jets}}} > 0.5$$



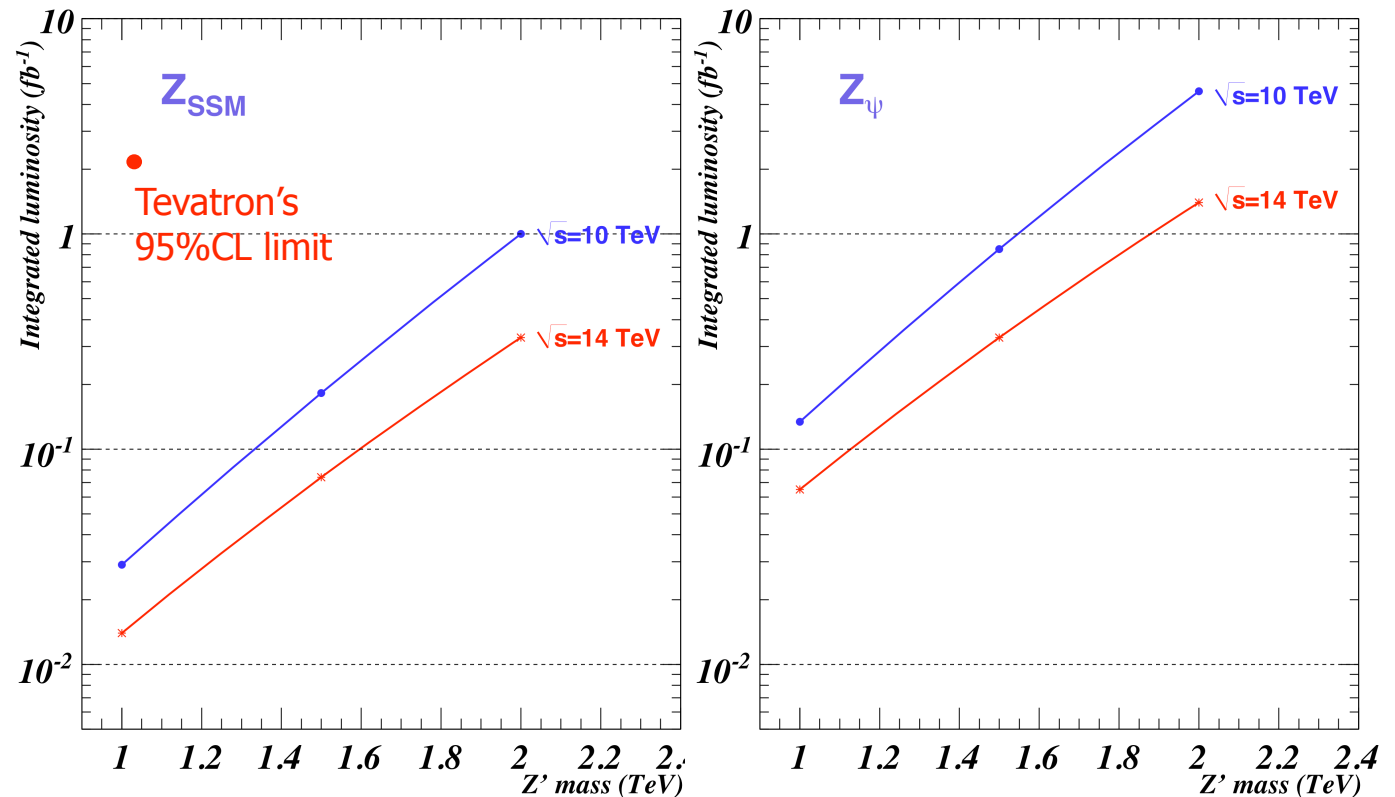


# Extra Gauge Bosons

- Not very significant change in reach in 10 vs 14 GeV
  - optimization of running conditions done by physics reach, not  $E_{cm}$ !

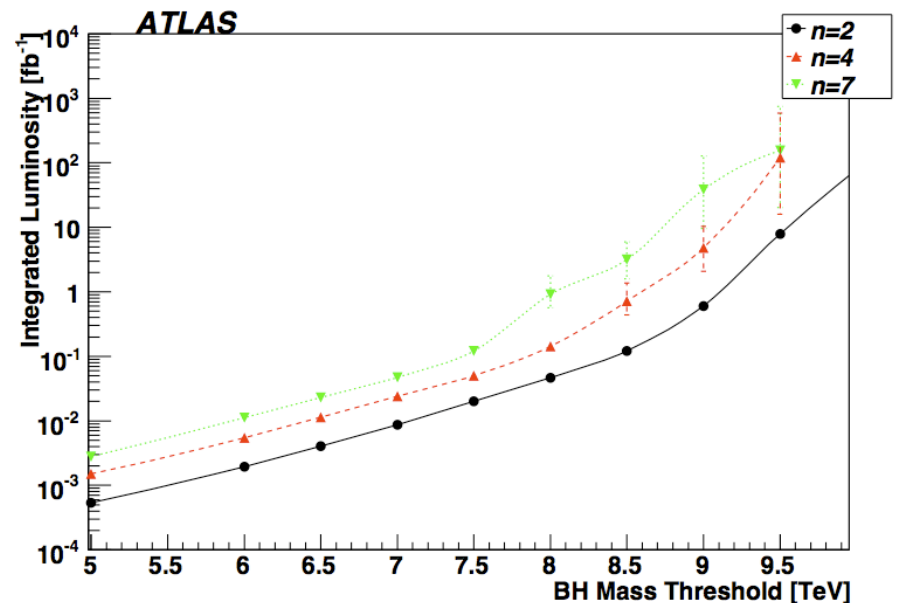
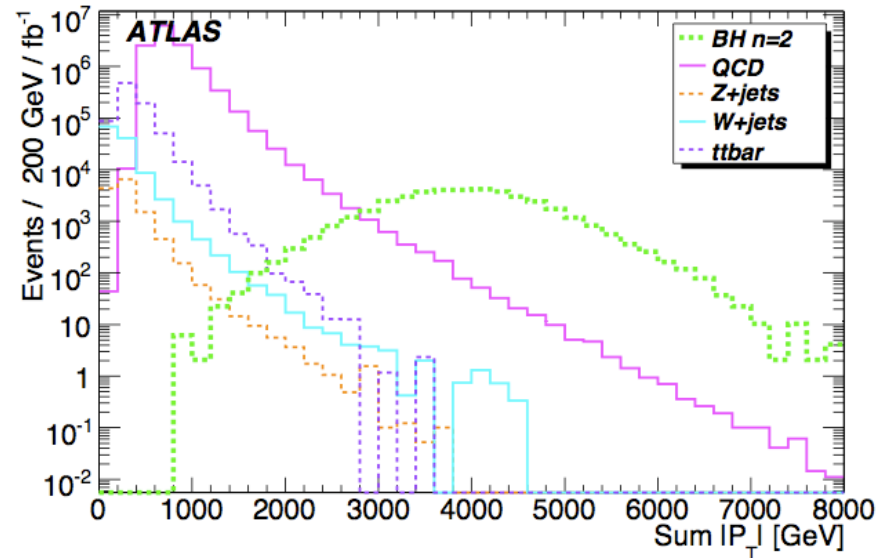
$Z'$ mass (TeV)	$\sigma(14 \text{ TeV}) / \sigma(10 \text{ TeV})$
1	2
2	3

## $5\sigma$ discovery reach



# Black Holes

- Models with Large Extra Dimensions (i.e. ADD) Black holes could be produced at the LHC if the  $M_{\text{planck}}$  is O(1-10 TeV)
- They will decay through Hawking's radiation into a large number of objects democratically
- Identify objects: muons, electrons, photons and jets
- sum up their  $|p_T|$
- in addition to cut on sum  $|p_T|$  require existence of one lepton above 200 GeV or, alternatively, four objects above 200 GeV



# SUSY @ LHC

- Since superpartners of quarks and gluinos carry color, they are the most abundantly produced SUSY particles at the LHC – small kinematical suppression compared to Tevatron



- SUSY events at the LHC, even those with leptons are very jetty. Strategy is to have a grid of analyses:

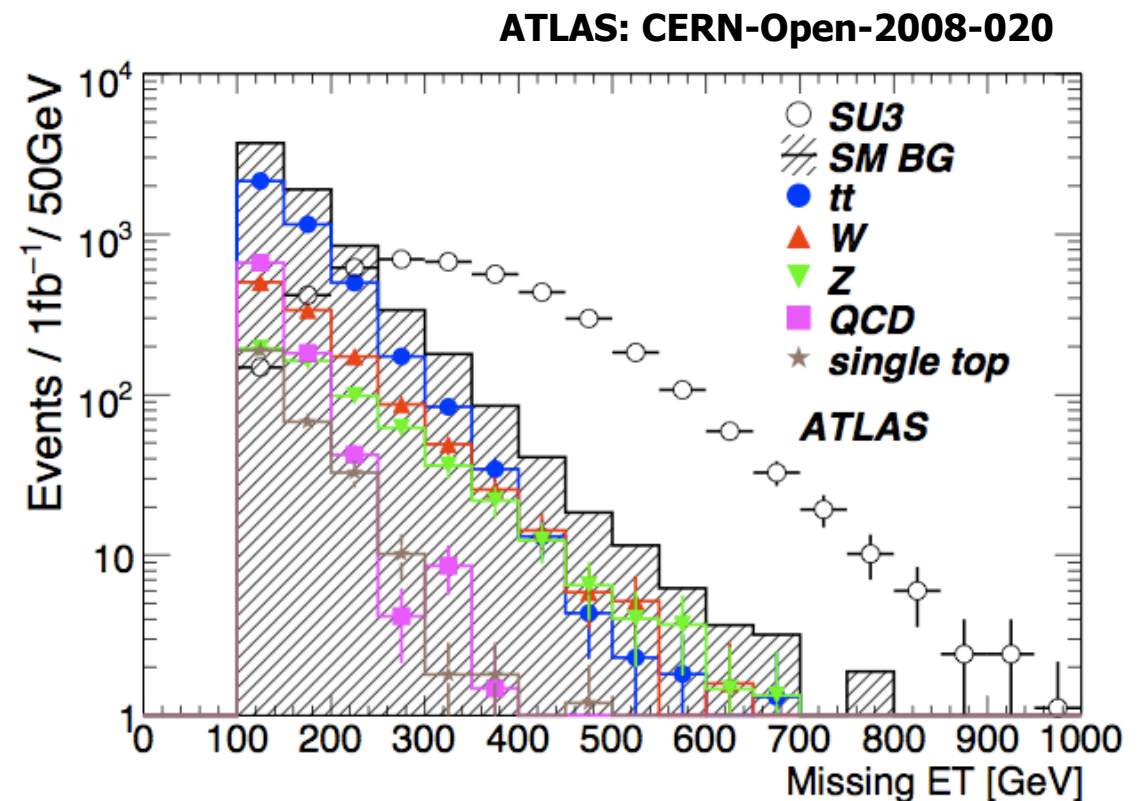
	1 jet	2 jet	3 jets	4 jets
0 lepton		✓	✓	✓
1 lepton		✓	✓	✓
2 lepton SS / OS		✓	✓	✓
3 leptons	✓			
taus		✓	✓	✓
b's		✓	✓	✓

# Jets + Missing Transverse Energy

- Very high probability of new physics
  - if Dark Matter particles are  $O(100 \text{ GeV})$  they will be produced by the LHC resulting in missing  $E_T$ . Since it is hadronic collider association with jets is natural
  - staple Supersymmetry search
- One of the toughest channels: instrumental background
  - Missing  $E_T$  is sensitive to all the noise, miscalibration, beam halo and hard to clean up and commission
  - Jets fluctuate and can be catastrophically under-measured in a way that is not reproduced by simulation
  - jet cross-section is humongous even small effects in jet response can look like new physics

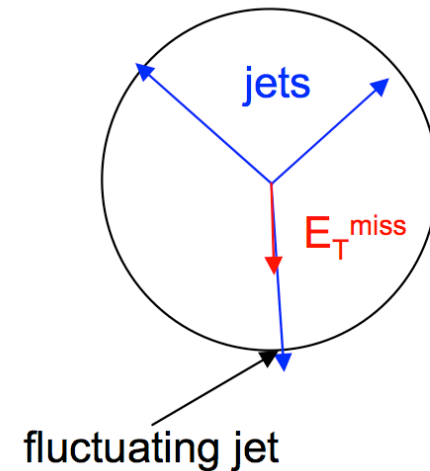
# Jets + MET

- at least 4 jets  $E_T > 50$  GeV
  - one with  $E_T > 100$  GeV
- MET > 100 GeV
- lepton veto
- sphericity
- for three leading jets  
 $\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, \text{MET}) > 0.2$

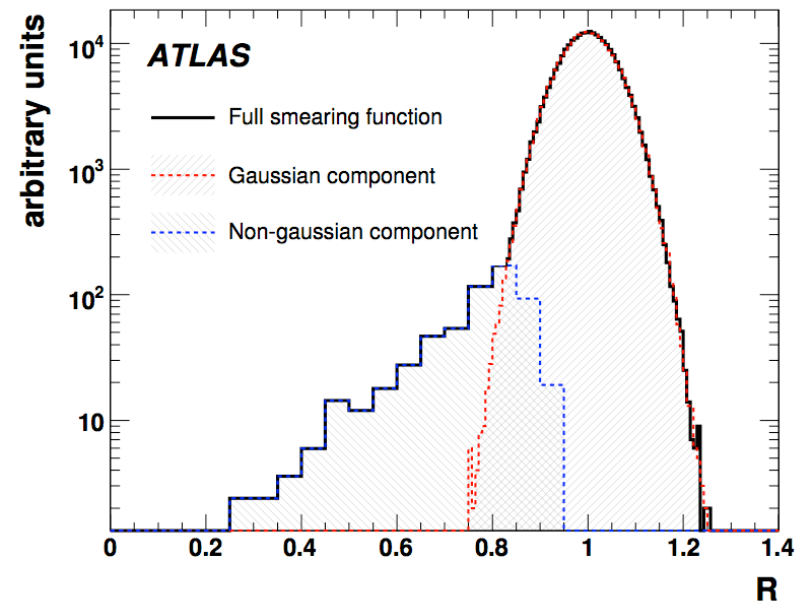
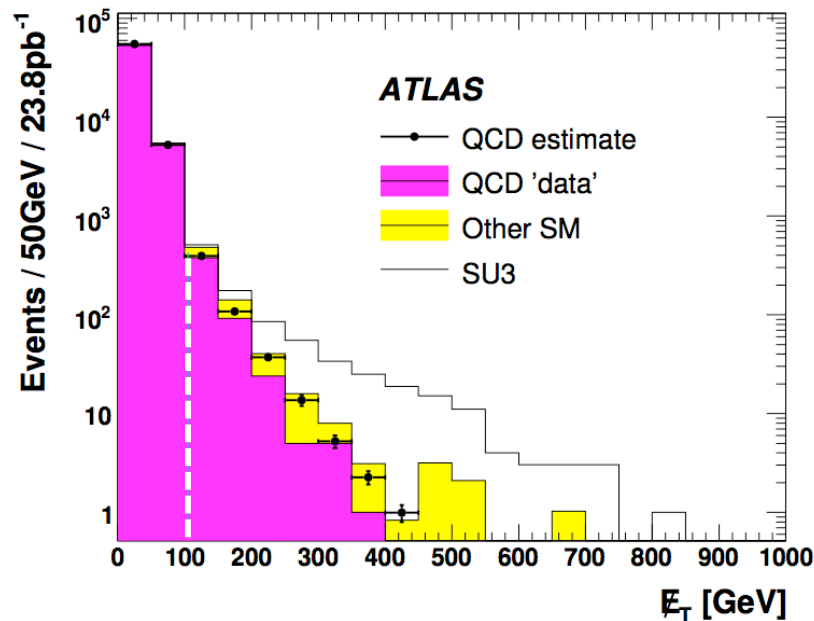


# Measuring Jet Response

- Measure how often jets are mis-measured
  - Gauss + low energy tail
  - measure gaussian component from  $\gamma$ +jet balance
  - measure tail from "Mercedes" events
- Take events at low MET and apply the non-Gaussian part of the response to them to predict the high MET tail

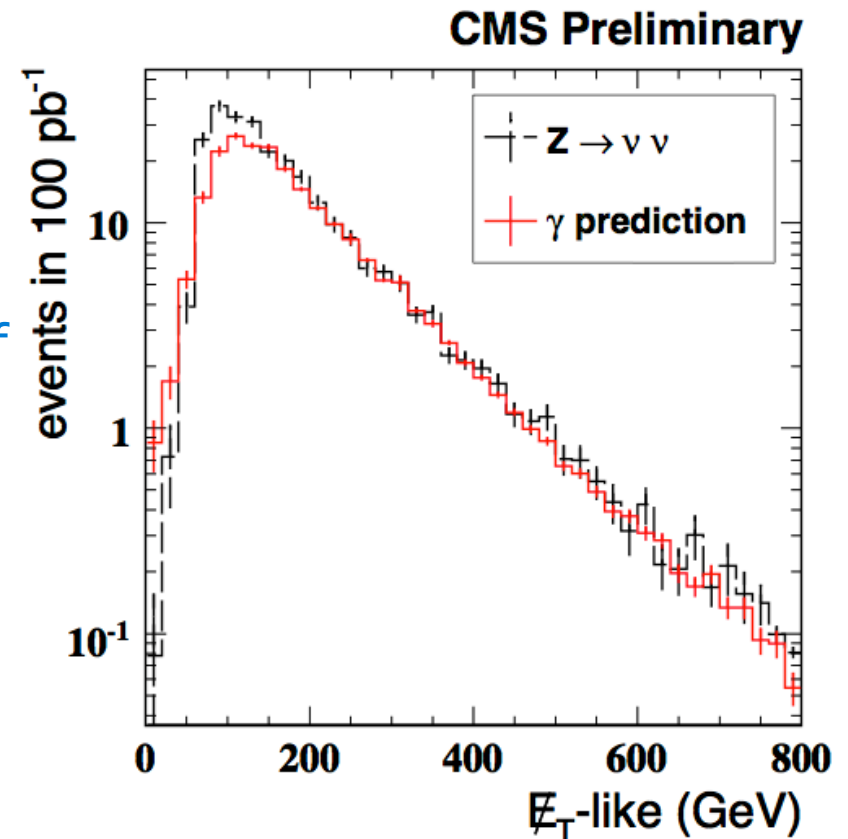


**ATLAS: CERN-Open-2008-020**



# Physics Background to Jets+MET

- Irreducible background is coming from Z+jets, where Z decays into neutrinos
  - high order QCD predictions have large uncertainties
- Can be inferred by looking at Z+jets  $\rightarrow$   $l^+l^-$ +jets but this results in a large statistical error due to smallness of  $ee$  &  $\mu\mu$  branchings
- Another idea: Z is just a “heavy photon” – at high  $Q^2$  there should be little difference between Z+X and  $\gamma$ +X
  - use  $\gamma$ +jets events to predict Z+jets
  - works very well, theoretical uncertainties in the ratio of Z to  $\gamma$  are small



Other backgrounds from W and top involve lost leptons and are “easily” estimated from lepton+jets+MET samples

# Jets+MET without MET

- For 2 jets + MET channel can avoid relying on MET altogether by devising clever topological variables

$$\alpha_T = \frac{E_T^{j2}}{M_T^{j1,j2}} \approx \frac{\sqrt{E_T^{j2} / E_T^{j1}}}{\sqrt{2(1 - \cos \Delta\varphi)}}$$

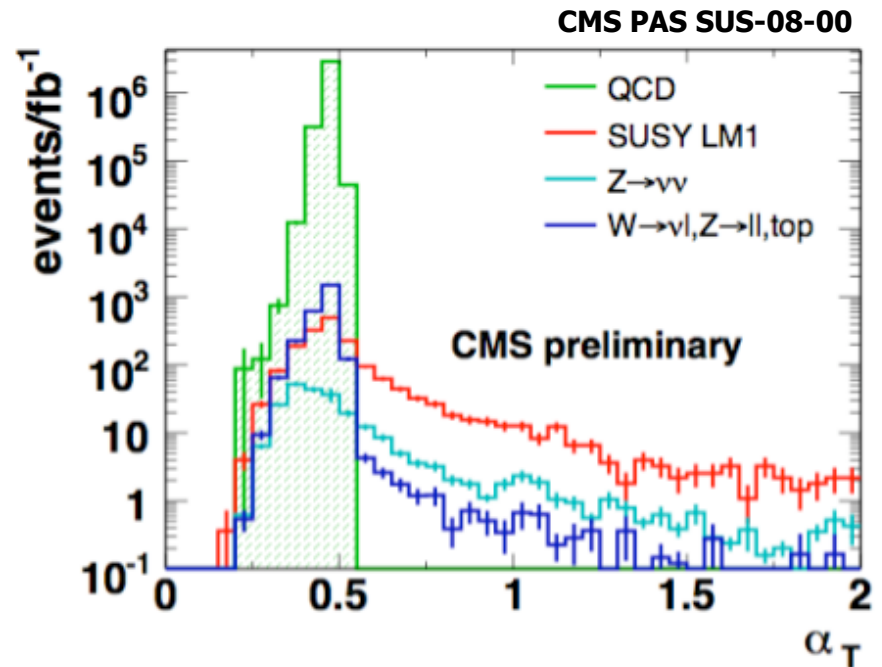
- For perfectly measured QCD di-jets  $\alpha_T=0.5$ . If one of the jets is undermeasured,  $\alpha_T$  decreases.

- 2 jets,  $E_T^{j1} + E_T^{j2} > 500$  GeV
- lepton veto
- $\alpha_T > 0.55$

It is possible to generalize  $\alpha_T$  variable to multi-jet case – work is ongoing...



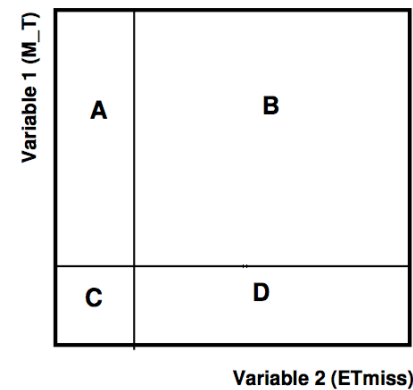
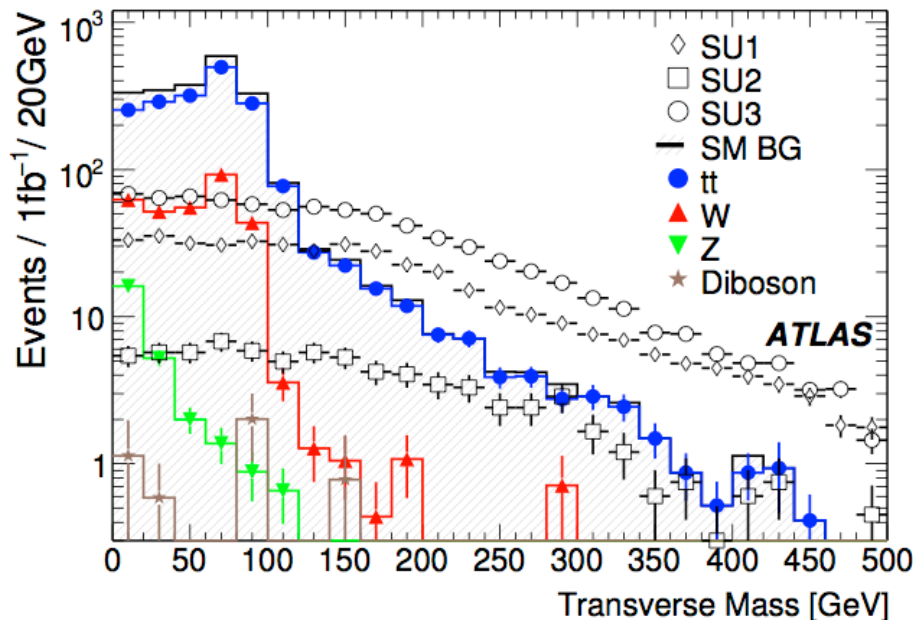
L. Randall, D. Tucker-Smith, PRL 101:221803,2008





# Lepton+jets

- Requiring a lepton really helps reducing QCD
- But a new challenge arises: how to deal with W+jets and top backgrounds
  - theoretical prediction has large uncertainties. After years of running at 2 TeV, Tevatron still has to correct W+jets simulation using Z+jets
- Note, that for the largest background sources, W+jets and semi-leptonic top, MET always comes from a single neutrino from W decay creating a sharp jacobian peak
  - use it to normalize the background predictions!



only guaranteed to work if  
Variable 1 and 2 are uncorrelated

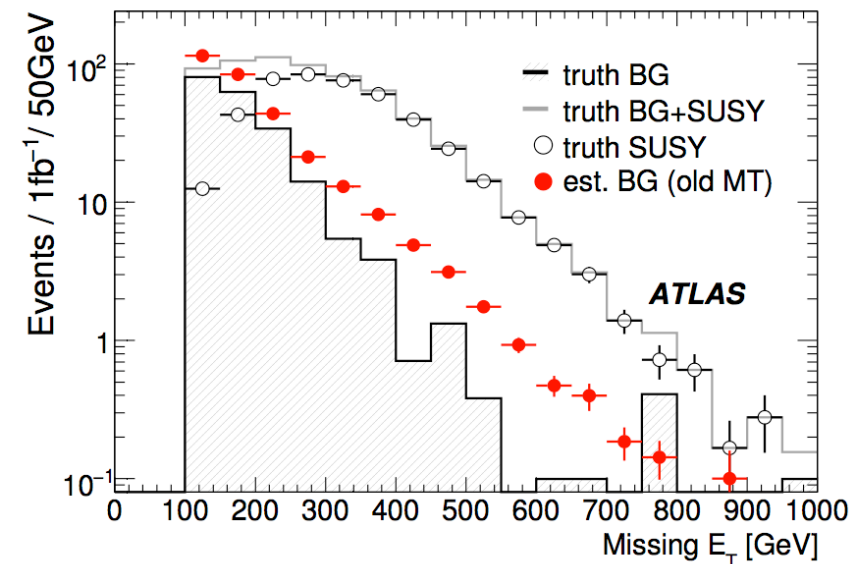
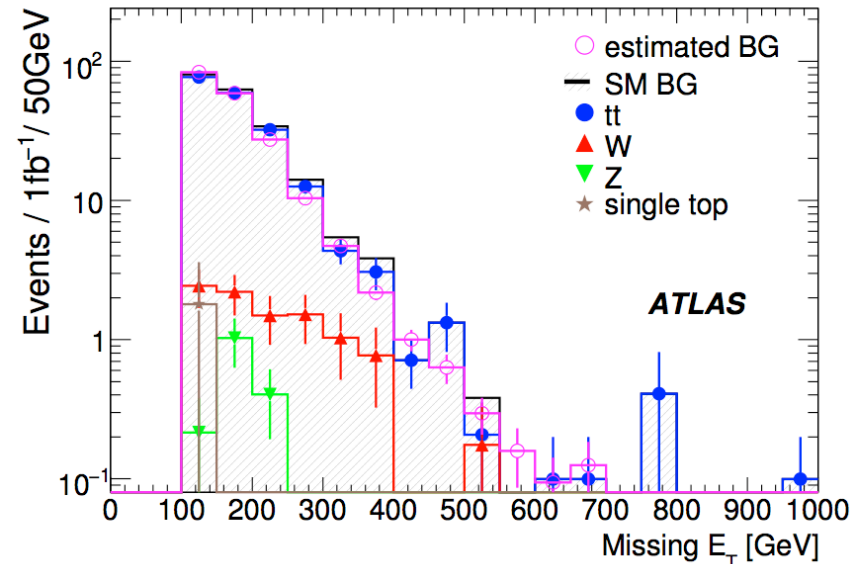
# Lepton+jets

- Simulation seems to tell us that MET and  $M_T$  are not strongly correlated
- In the absence of signal the method works perfectly

	$\cancel{E}_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$\cancel{E}_T > 300 \text{ GeV}$
True BG	$203 \pm 6$	$12.4 \pm 1.6$
Estimated BG	$190 \pm 8$	$9.4 \pm 0.7$
Ratio(Est./True)	$0.93 \pm 0.05$	$0.76 \pm 0.11$

- The problem is that “background” samples are contaminated with signal – reduced sensitivity...

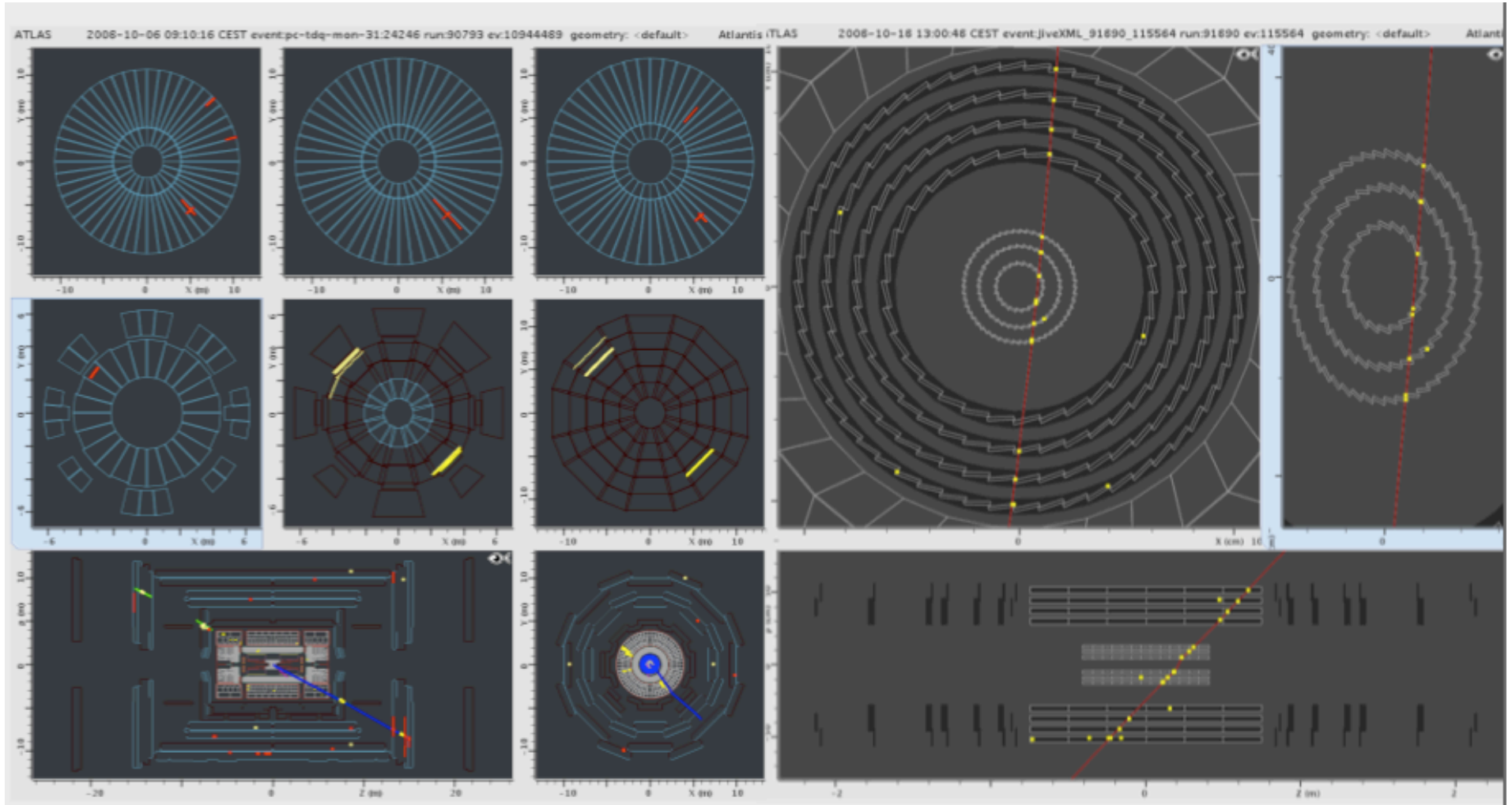
	$\cancel{E}_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$\cancel{E}_T > 300 \text{ GeV}$
True BG	$203 \pm 6$	$12.4 \pm 1.6$
Estimated BG	$296 \pm 10$	$33.3 \pm 1.4$
True BG+SUSY	$653 \pm 8$	$245 \pm 4$



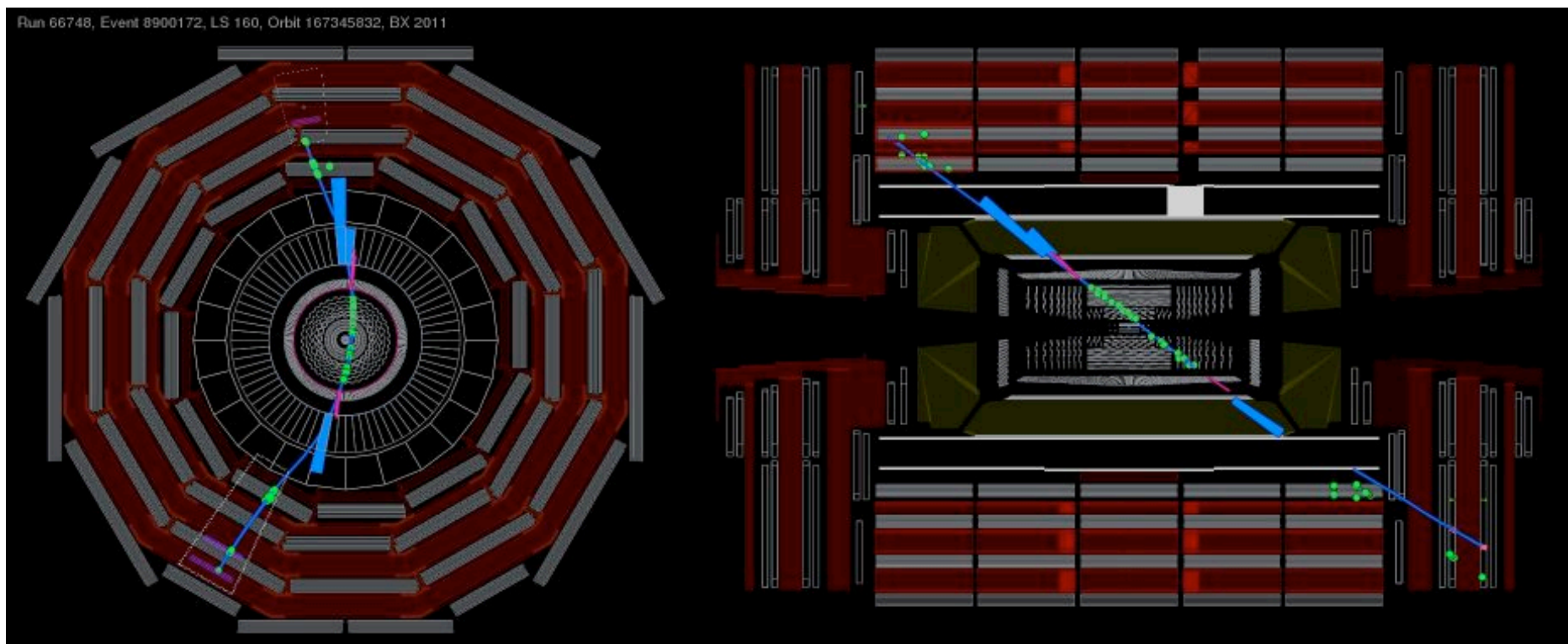
# Start-up and Commissioning

- It is a large and difficult task to commission detectors like CMS and ATLAS
- But by the time the beam collisions come we will have operated the detectors for almost two years
  - system stabilities and noise measured
  - trackers partially aligned
  - magnetic fields mapped out with cosmic muons
  - billions of events acquired, reconstructed, distributed, re-reconstructed, and compared to detector simulation
  - countless problems solved
- The start-up is likely to be very different from the Run II Tevatron, where detector and accelerator were brought up ~ simultaneously

# Cosmics Event Example: ATLAS

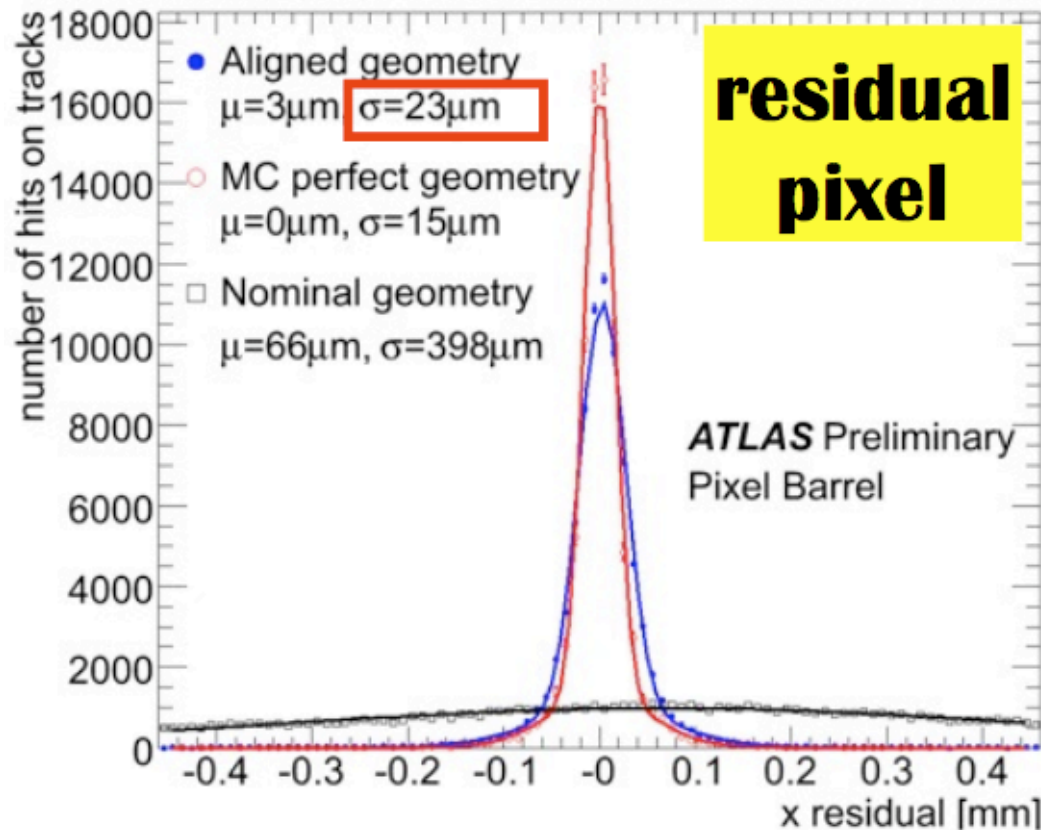


# Cosmics Event Example: CMS

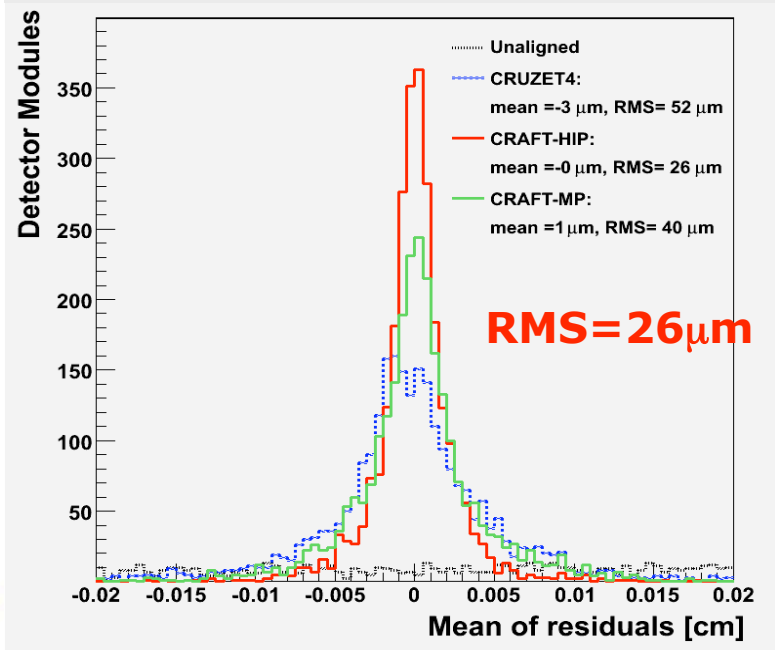


# Tracker Alignment

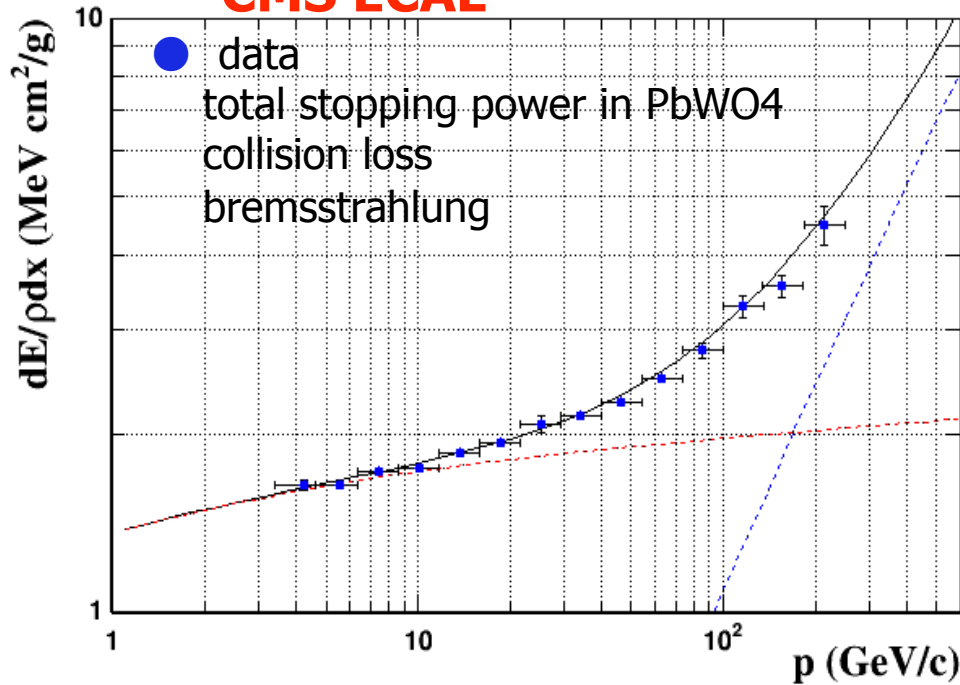
- alignment algorithms work
- achieved precision is already better than considered MC scenario after  $10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data



## CMS preliminary: TIB alignment



## CMS ECAL



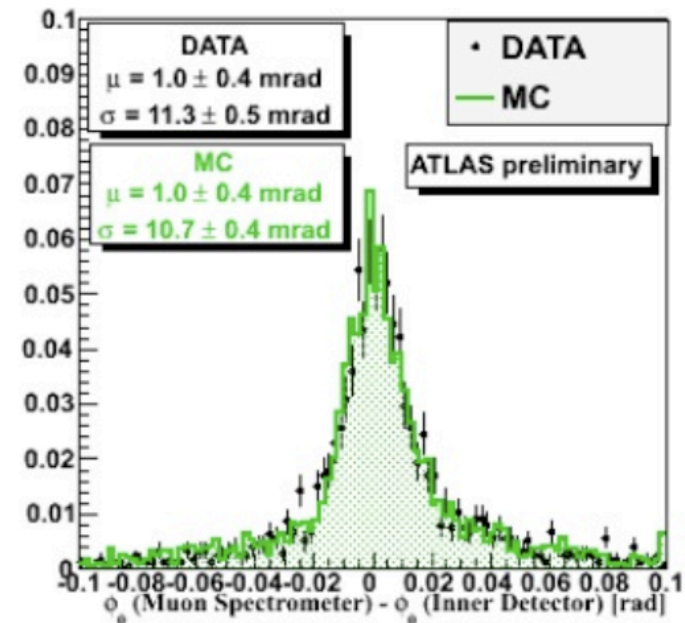
Measured stopping power (corrected for containment) of muons in ECAL

Note – the lines are not fits, but absolute predictions

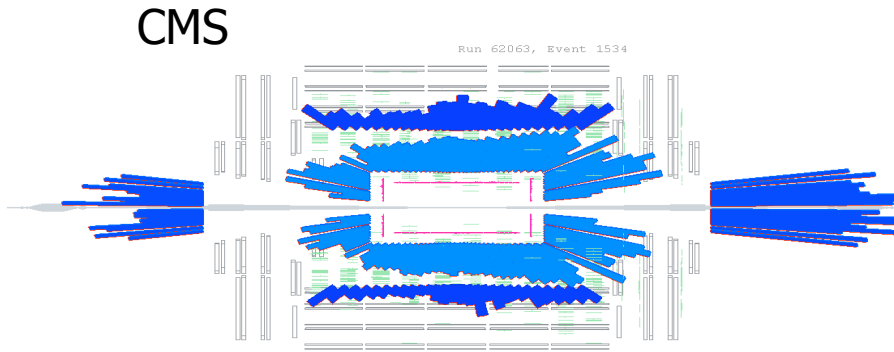
consistency of direction in the azimuthal angle between Muon and Inner Tracker  
 - good agreement with MC



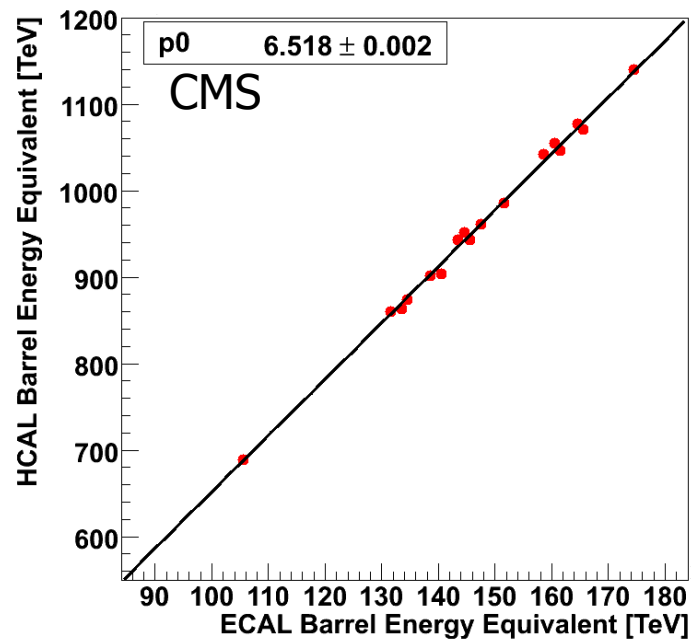
## ATLAS muons



# One Beam

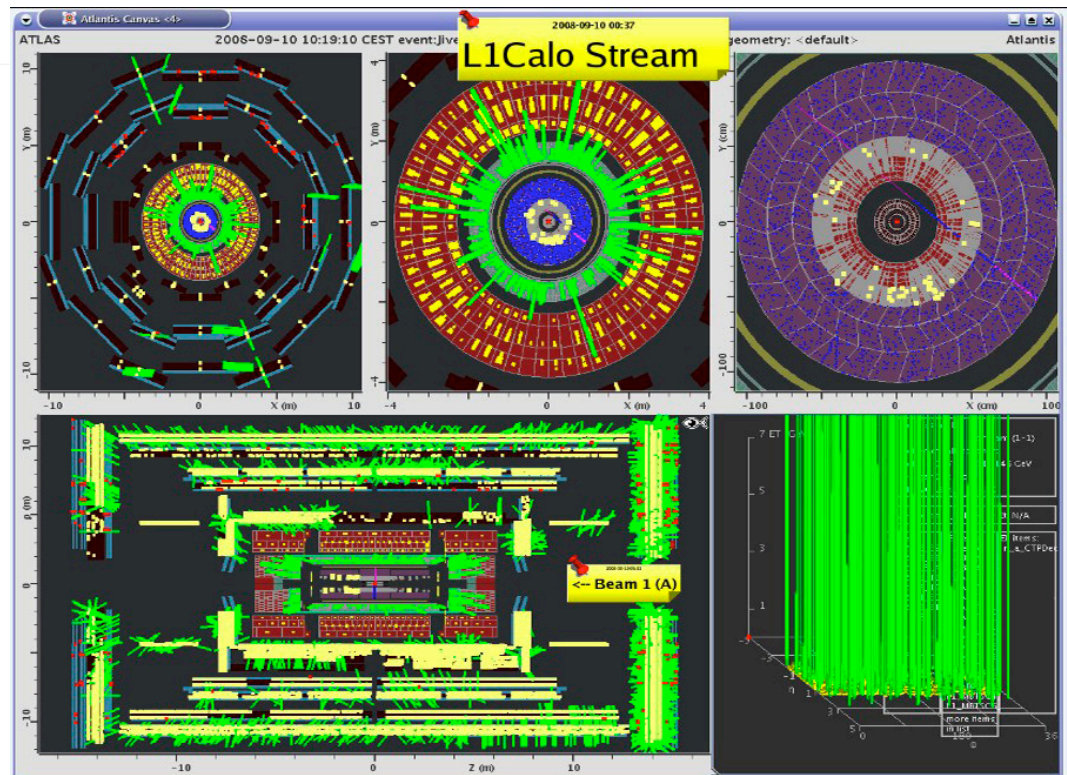


$\sim 2 \times 10^9$  protons on collimator  
 $\sim 150$  m upstream of CMS



**Energies > 100 TeV!!**

**Hundreds of thousands muons/event**



5/4/2009

Yuri Gershtein (Rutgers)

APS 2009 April Meeting

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# Summary

- LHC operations with two beams  
will start this year!
- Detectors had more than a year to iron out problems – may be able to produce physics grade results soon after collisions
- Methods for early analysis are improving

**Stay tuned!!**