

# Top Physics at the Tevatron

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On behalf of the CDF and D0 Collaborations

**2009 APS April Meeting**

# Top Physics



- Discovered in 1995 by CDF and D0  
⇒ the first surprise: its large mass
  - ▶ is it just an “ordinary” quark?
  - ▶ does it have an special role in the EWSB ?
- With 50 times more data, we can now study its properties accurately
- Extensive program at the Tevatron

Today overview of top at the Tevatron  
focus on:  
experimental challenges  
latest results

# Top Production

Tevatron  
Proton and anti-protons  
collisions at 1.96 TeV  
center of mass energy



## Strong pair production



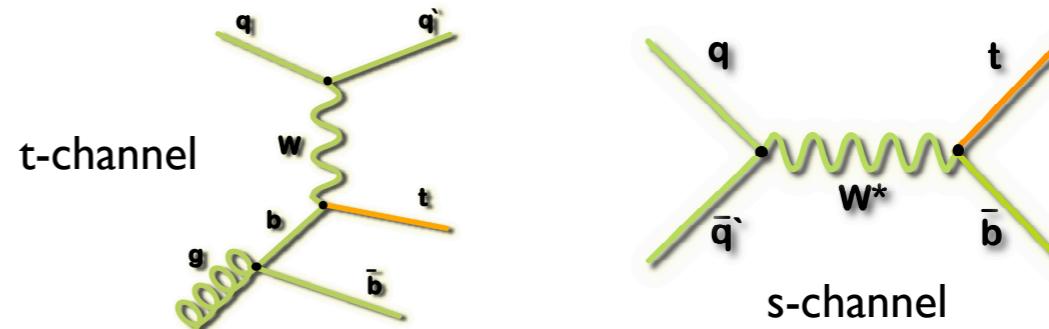
~ 85 %

~ 15 %

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 6.7 \pm 0.8 \text{ pb} \quad (\text{for } M_t = 175 \text{ GeV})$$

Cacciari et al, JHEP 0809, 127 (2008). Compatible Predictions:  
N. Kidonakis and R. Vogt Phys Rev D78 074005 (2008)  
S. Moch and P. Uwer, Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl., 183, 75 (2008)

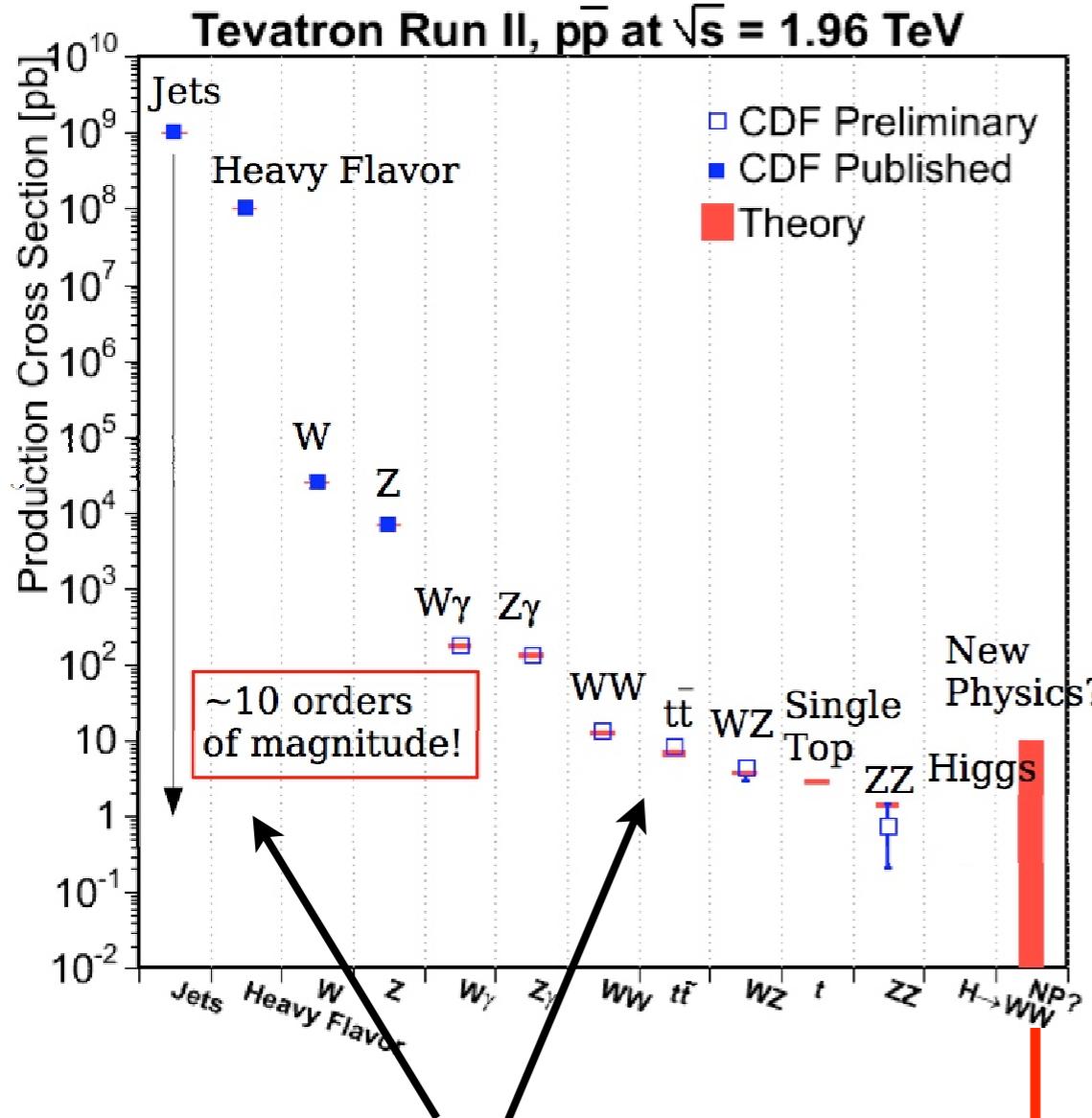
## EWK single-top production



$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 1.98 \pm 0.21 \text{ pb} \quad \sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 0.88 \pm 0.07 \text{ pb} \quad (\text{for } M_t = 175 \text{ GeV})$$

Z. Sullivan, Phys Rev D70 114012 (2004). Compatible Predictions:  
Campbell/Ellis/Tramontano, Phys Rev D70 094012 (2004)  
N. Kidonakis, Phys Rev D74, 114012 (2006)

# Top Production



I top pair each  $10^{10}$  inelastic collisions

## QCD pair production



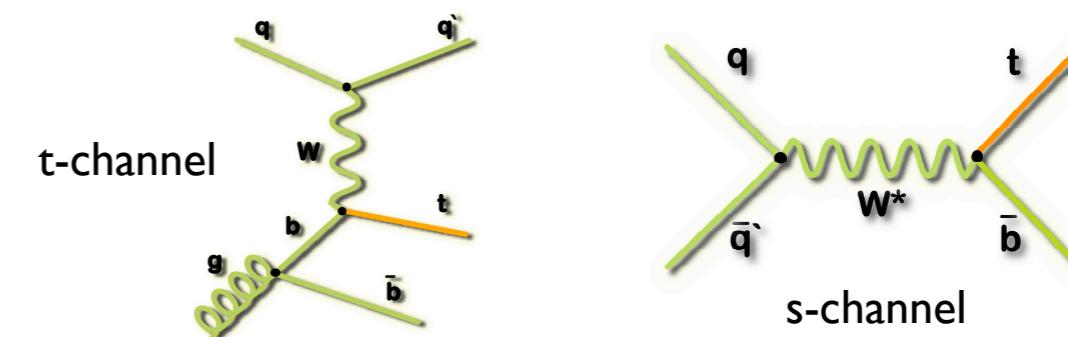
$\sim 85$  %

$\sim 15$  %

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 6.7 \pm 0.8 \text{ pb} \quad (\text{for } M_t = 175 \text{ GeV})$$

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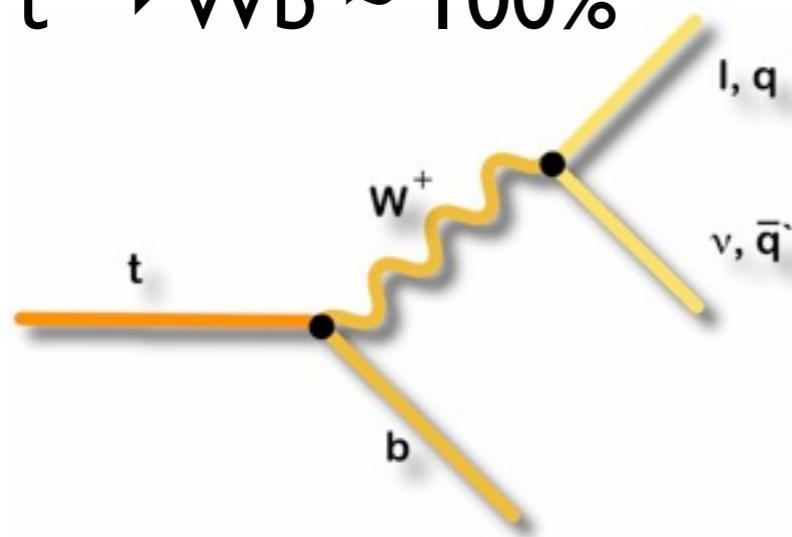


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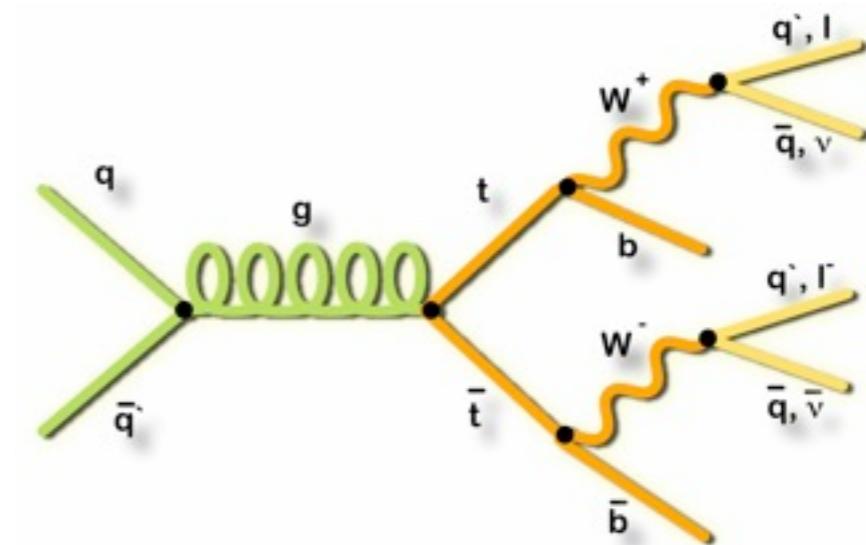
Z. Sullivan, Phys Rev D70 114012 (2004). Compatible Predictions:  
Campbell/Ellis/Tramontano, Phys Rev D70 094012 (2004)  
N. Kidonakis, Phys Rev D74, 114012 (2006)

# Top Decay

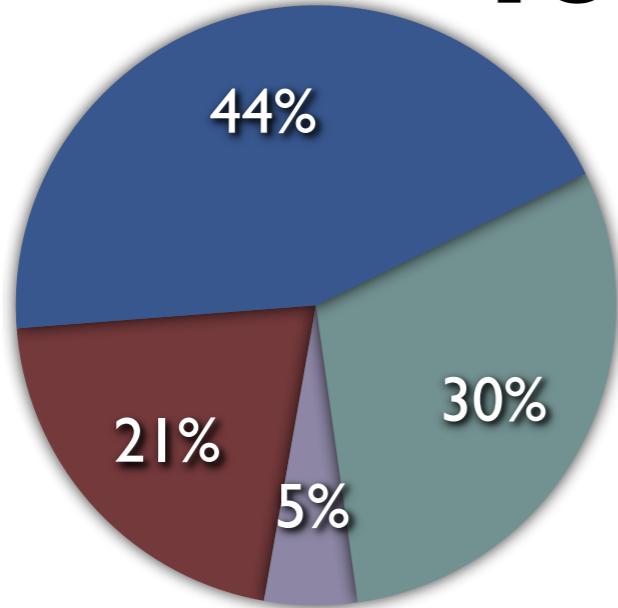
$t \rightarrow W b \sim 100\%$



Channels defined  
by the  $W$  decay



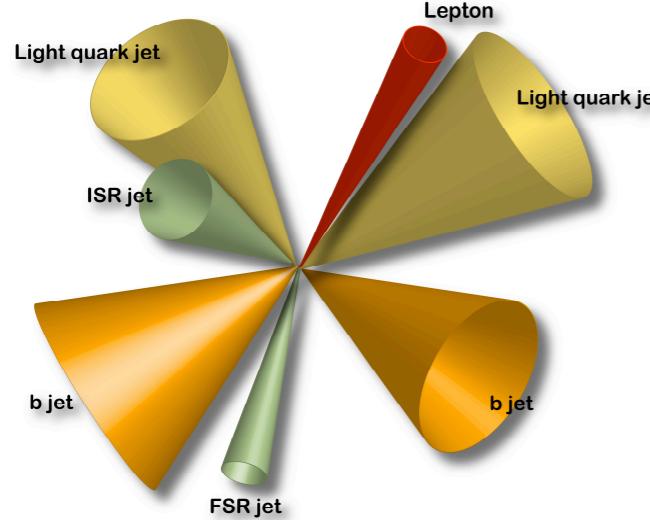
## Top Pairs



Branching ratios

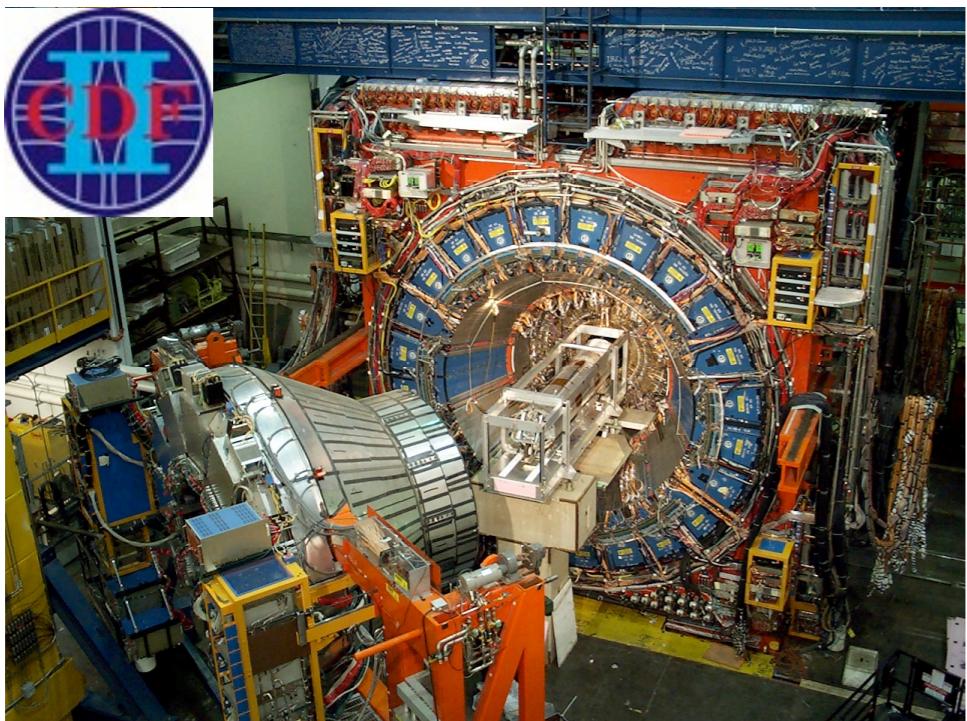
- All-hadronic
- Lepton + Jets (e and  $\mu$ )
- Dilepton (e and  $\mu$ )
- Tauonic

# Top Signatures



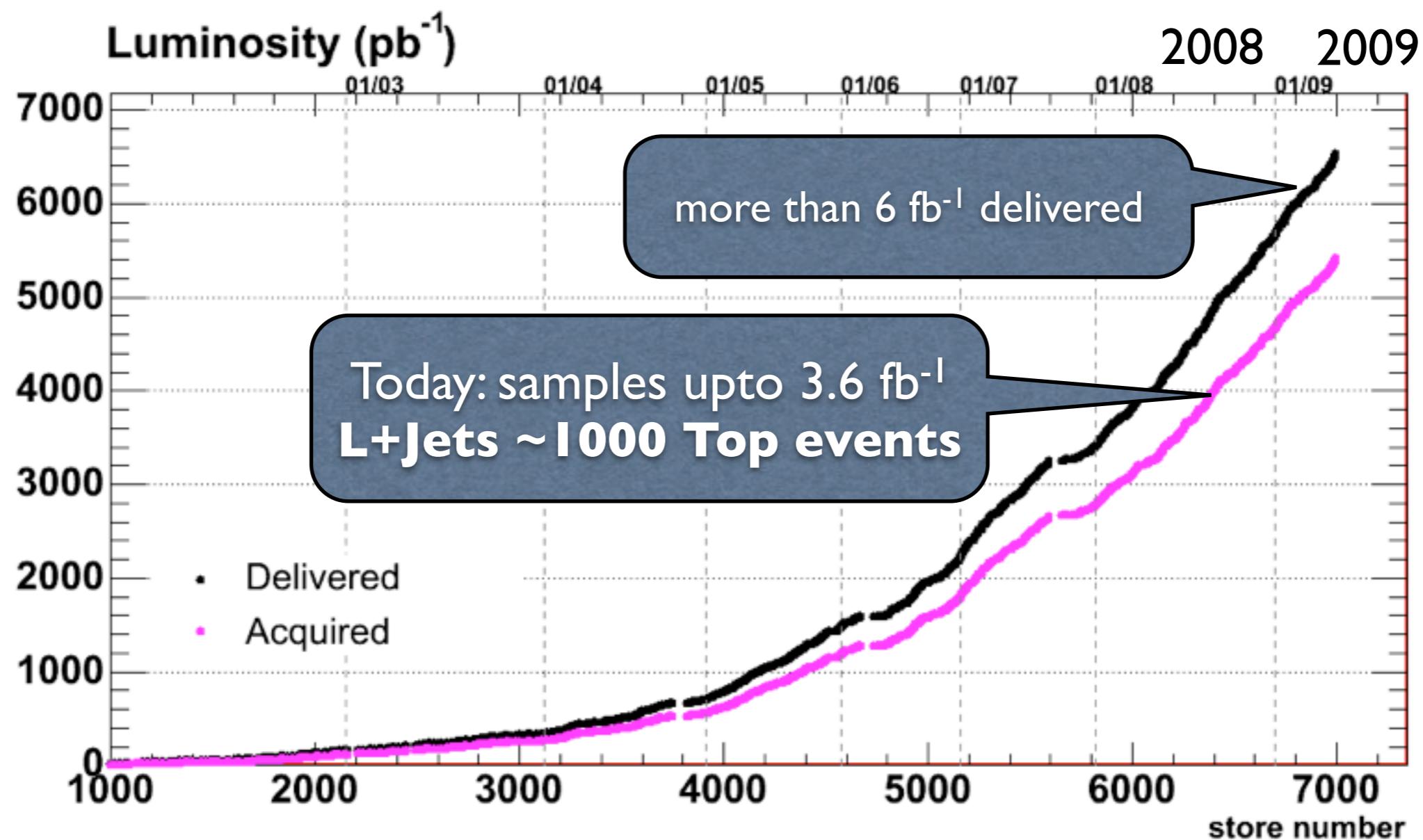
- Hadronic : large BR , many jets: large QCD background
- Lepton + Jets :
  - Signature includes high pt leptons and missing energy
  - jet backgrounds can be largely rejected already at trigger level
- Dileptons: clean signature due to two leptons, but small BR
- All benefit by identification of b-jets

# Detectors



- General Purpose detectors
- Top physics uses almost all their capabilities

# Data !



Thanks to our colleagues at the accelerator

# **Top Production**

# Top quark pair cross section

- Test of QCD predictions
  - 6.7 pb , uncertainty ~10% <sup>(I)</sup>  
(@ Mt 175GeV)
- Could provide hints of New physics:
  - ✿ as it may manifest in different channels :
  - ✓ check consistency across final states
- Provides sample composition for other measurements

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N_{data} - N_{bkg}}{A \cdot \int \mathcal{L} dt}$$

(I) Cacciari et al, JHEP 0809, 127 (2008).

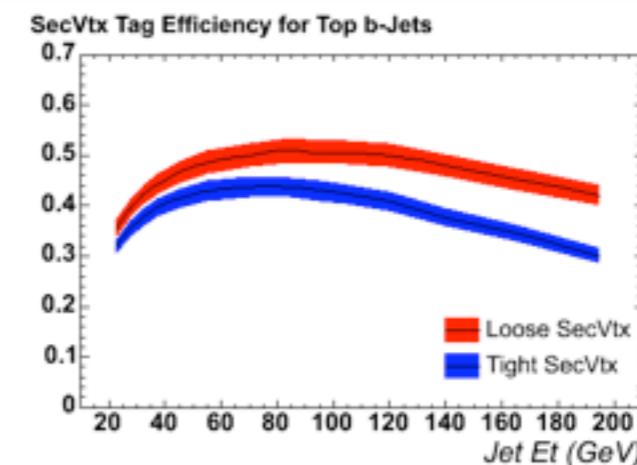
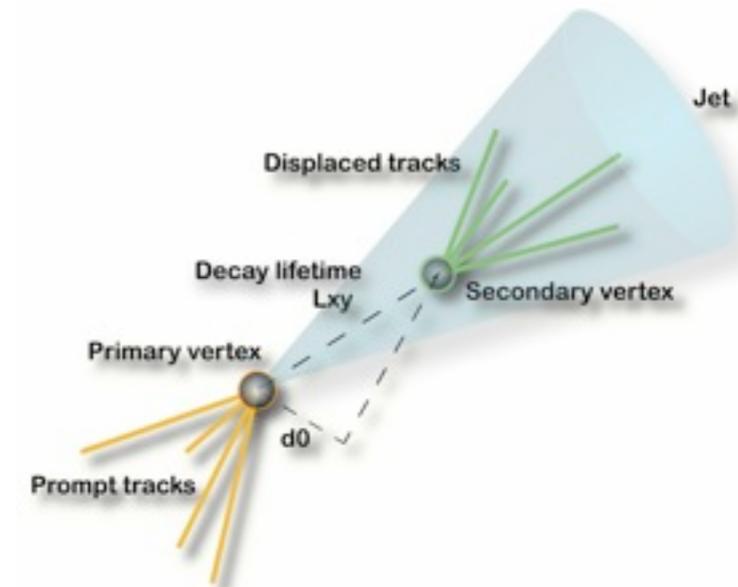
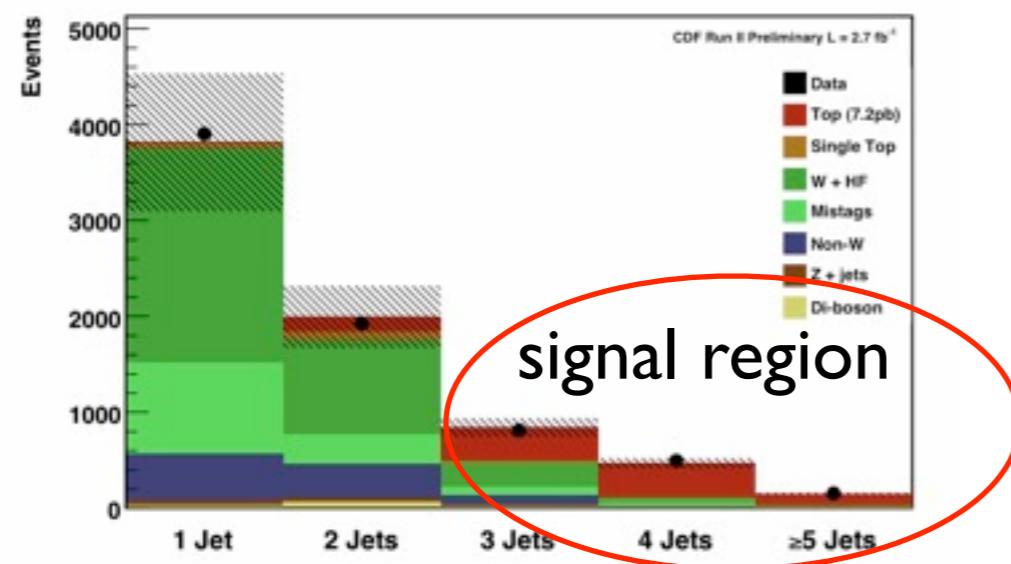
Compatible Predictions:

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# Lepton + Jets Using b-identification

## Lepton + jets channel

- Selection based on high pt lepton , missing transverse energy and  $\geq 3$  jets
- Largest backgrounds W+jets and QCD
  - Exploit presence of b-jets in final state increase S/B from 1/4 to 3/2 ( $\geq 1$  b-tag)



tag efficiency ~50%  
with <1% mistag

Others methods :  
NN, Soft Lepton, Jet  
Probability

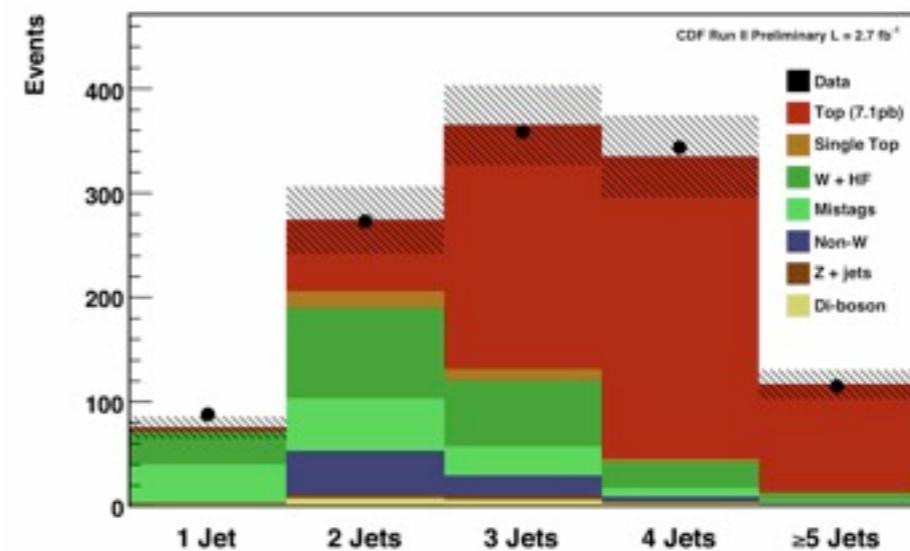
# Lepton + Jets Using b-identification

2.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>

## Lepton + jets channel

- Selection based on high pt lepton , missing transverse energy (MET) and  $\geq 3$  jets
- Background Estimation:
  - Electroweak: Monte-Carlo based
  - W+jets (mainly Heavy flavor jets) and QCD : derived using data-driven approach

Adding cut on sum of transverse energy  
 $HT > 250$  GeV



$\sigma = 7.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.6 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$

$\Delta\sigma/\sigma = 11.6\%$

Lepton+Jets



$1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

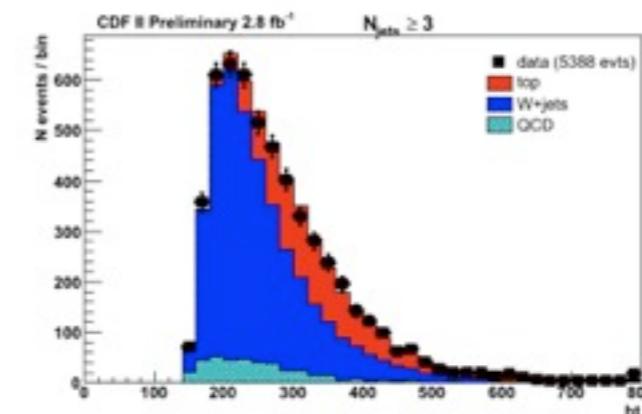
PRL 100 192004 (2008)

$\sigma = 7.42 \pm 0.53 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.46 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.45 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$

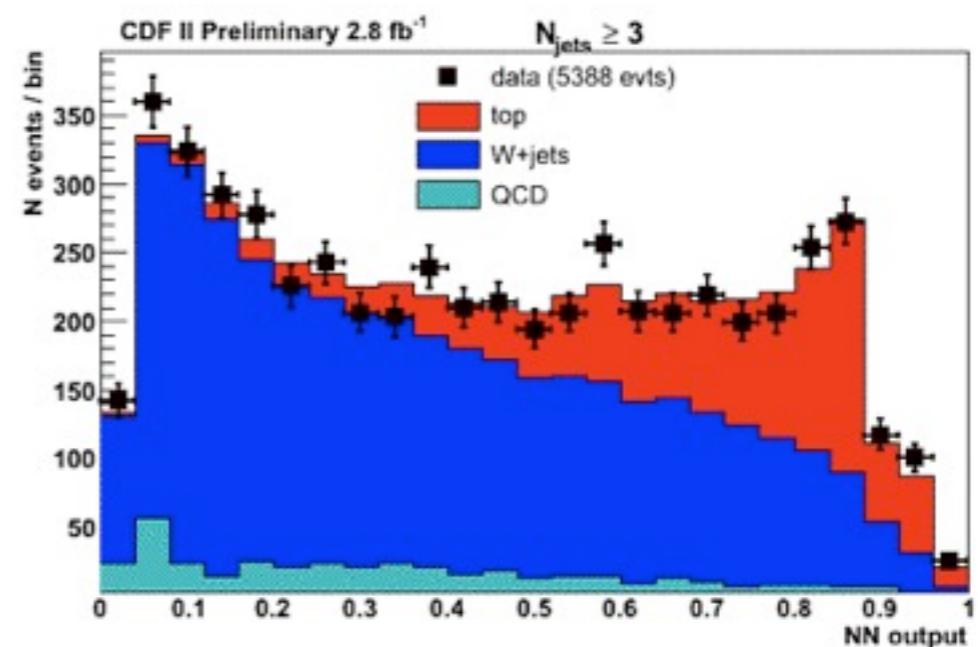
# Lepton + Jets Topological

2.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- Use event kinematics and shapes to distinguish top from background events
- feed a Neural Net and build a discriminant



- Systematic do not suffer from b-tagging related uncertainties
- sensitive to signal and background modeling systematics
- reduce QCD : tighten MET and leading Jet  $E_T$



$$\sigma = 7.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

$$\Delta\sigma/\sigma = 10\%$$

# Reducing systematic unc.

$7.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$

2.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>



- Reduce systematic from Luminosity uncertainty by normalizing over the Z cross section

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = R \cdot \sigma_Z^{theory}$$

- Measured Z cross section on the same samples as used on the top pair cross section

$$\sigma_Z = 253.27 \pm 1.01 \text{ (stat)} \pm 4.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 16.63 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

theory :  $\sigma_Z = 251.3 \pm 5.0 \text{ pb}$  (J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 34 (2007) 2457–2544)

LJ Topological

$$\sigma = 6.9 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (theory)} \text{ pb}$$

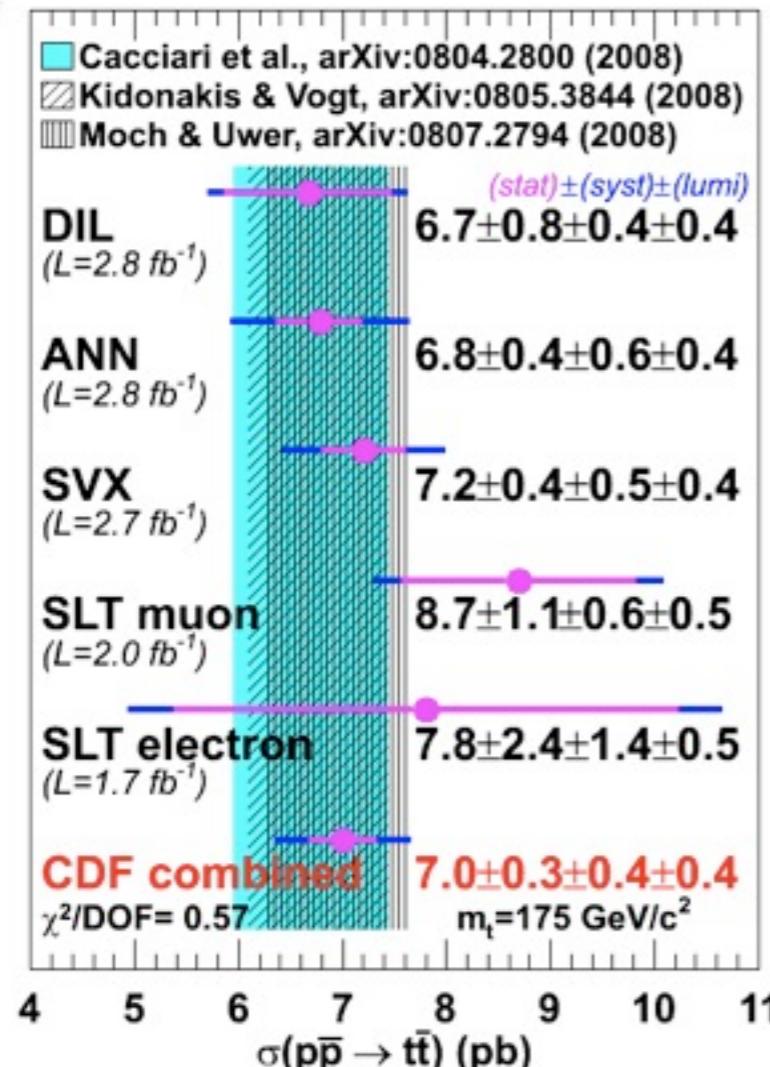
$$\Delta\sigma/\sigma = 8.3\%$$

LJ b-tagged

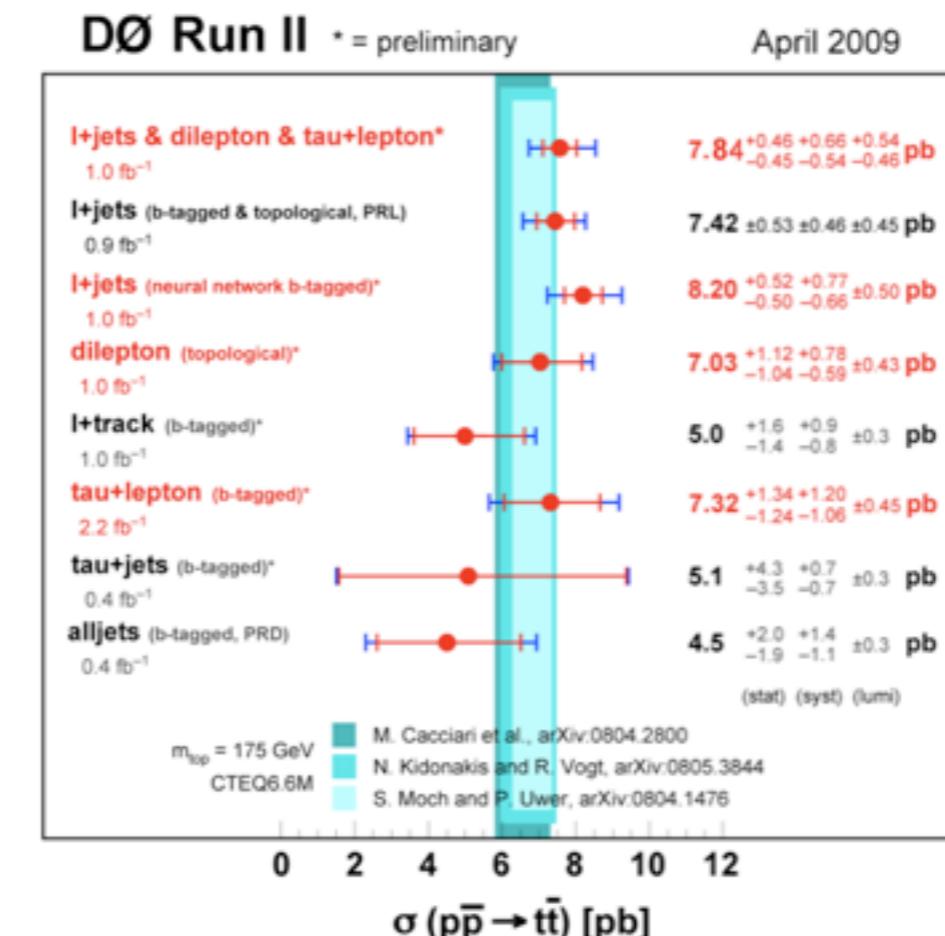
$$\sigma = 7.0 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.6 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (theory)} \text{ pb}$$

$$\Delta\sigma/\sigma = 10\%$$

# Summary

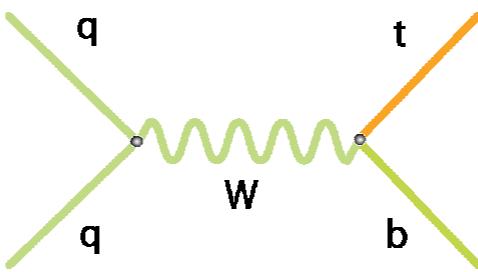


(do not include latest results)



# Single Top

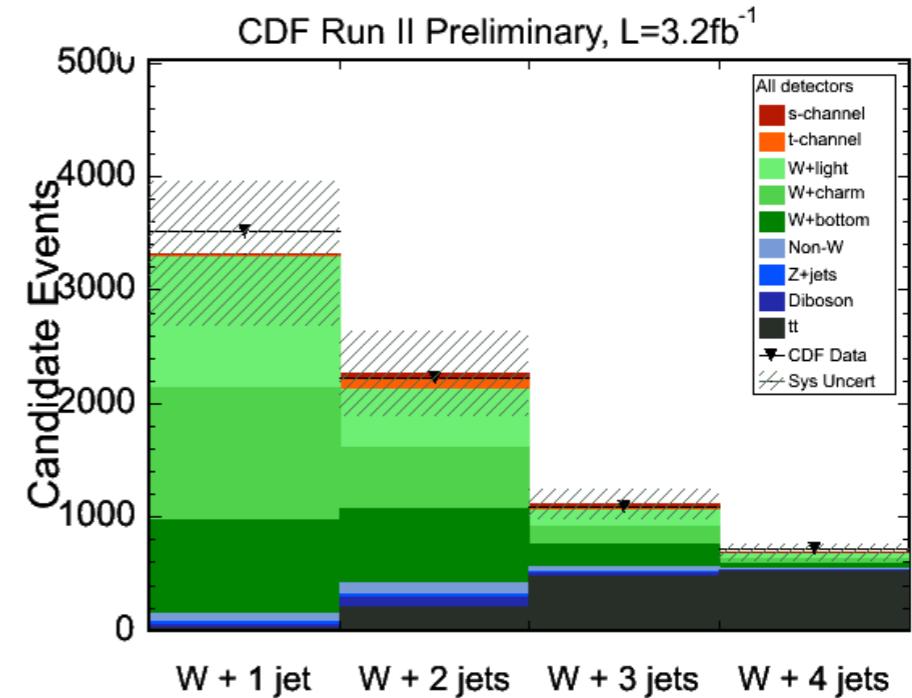
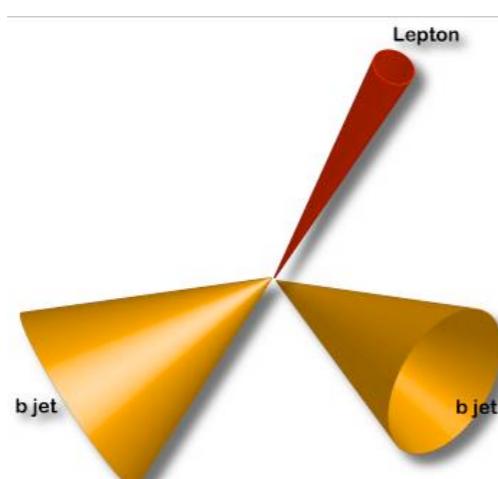
- Direct measurement of  $|V_{tb}|$



- Sensitive to BSM:

- FCNC
- $W'$
- anomalous couplings
- Charged Higgs

- Benchmark for Higgs searches:  
similar final state as WH



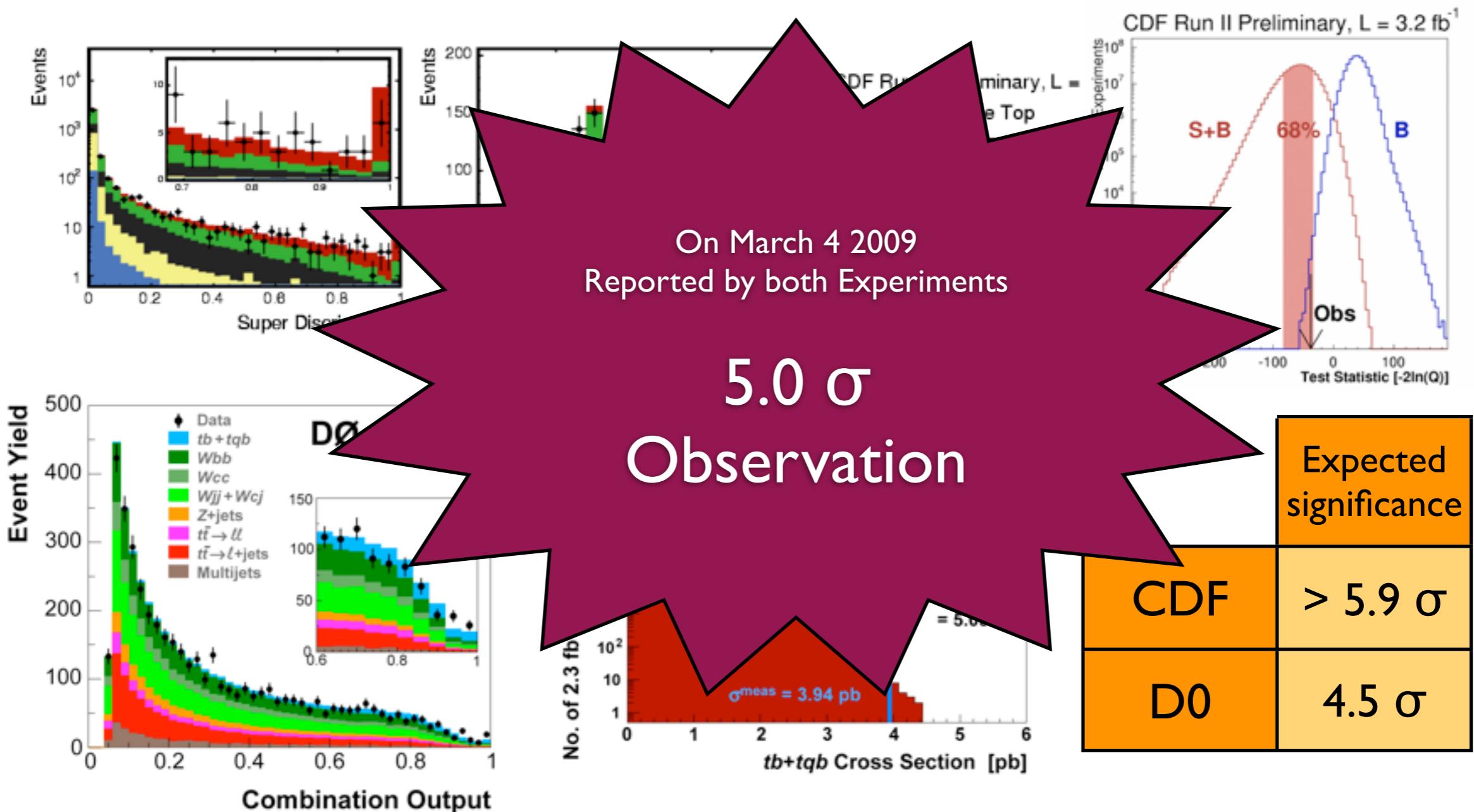
- Not a striking signature as top pair production
- Large Backgrounds
- with Large systematics

**Need Multi-Variate techniques**

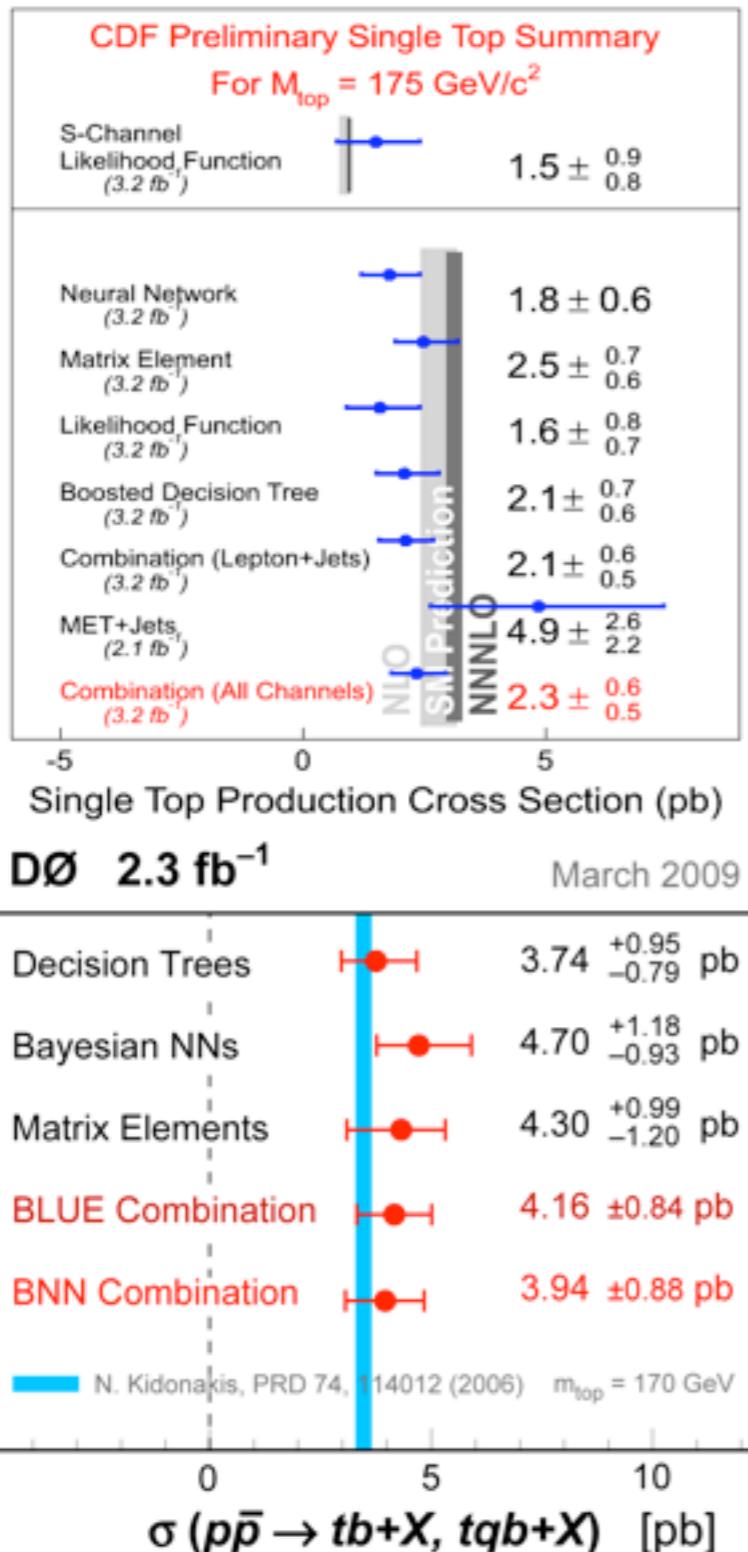
→ details on Single-Top Mini-symposium

# Single Top

Open the box and....



# Single Top



| Cross-Section (pb) |   | $V_{tb}$  |
|--------------------|---|---|
| CDF                | $2.3^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$<br>(@ $m_t = 175 \text{ GeV}$ ) | $ V_{tb}  > 0.71 @ 95\% \text{CL}$<br>$ V_{tb}  = 0.91 \pm 0.11 \text{ (exp)}$<br>$\pm 0.07 \text{ (th)}$ |
| DØ                 | $3.94 \pm 0.88$<br>(@ $m_t = 170 \text{ GeV}$ )     | $ V_{tb}  > 0.78 @ 95\% \text{CL}$<br>$ V_{tb}  = 1.07 \pm 0.12$  |

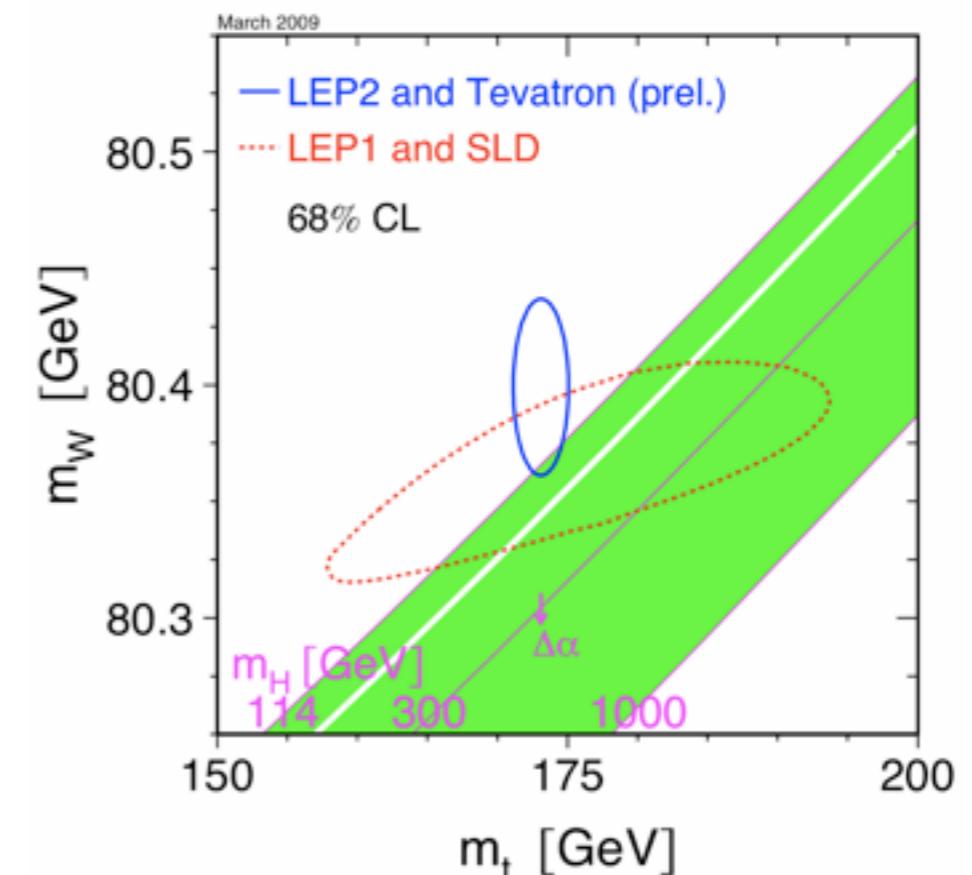
# **Top Mass**

# Why measure the top mass?

- fundamental parameter of the SM and a striking feature of the top quark
  - consistency within SM
- Relates to Higgs mass through loop corrections of the W mass

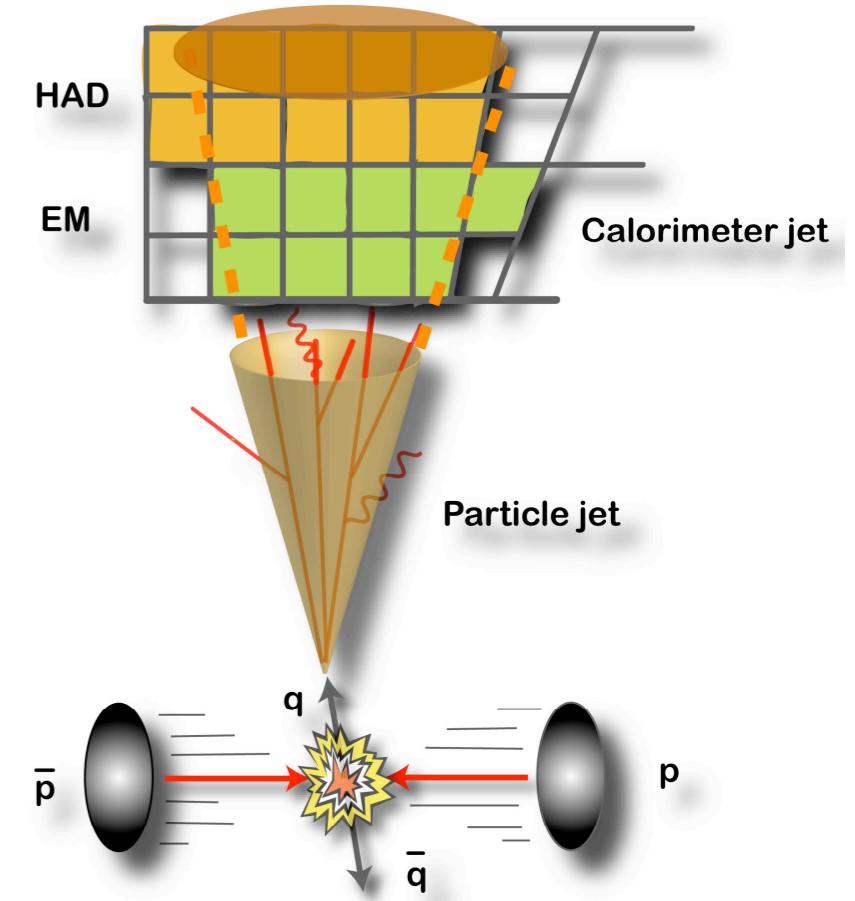
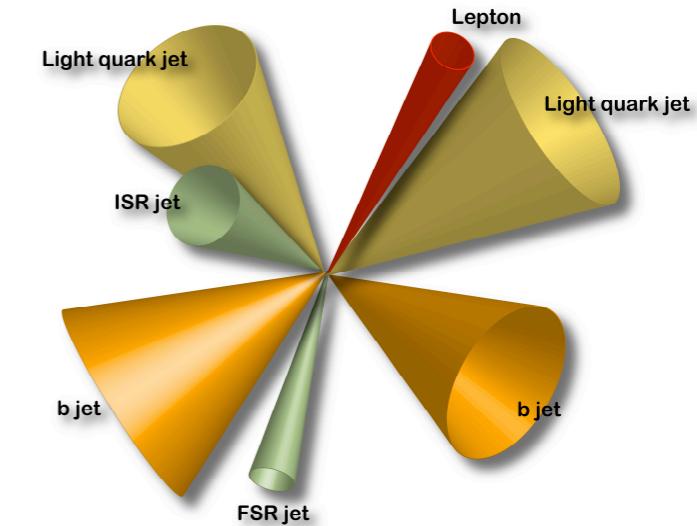
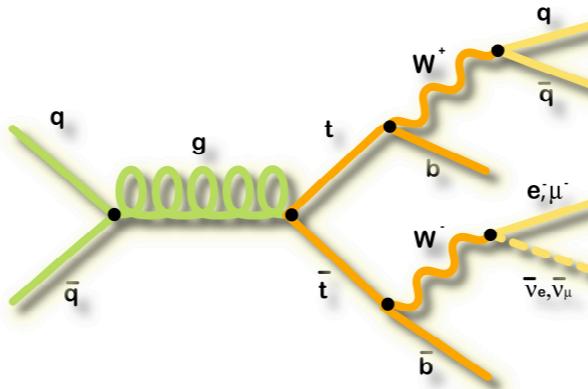


- indirect constrain on Higgs mass
- and physics beyond SM



# Challenges

- Measure jets no partons
  - ❖ need to correct for detector effects, hadronization and underlying event : Jet Energy Scale (JES) uncertainties  $\sim 3\%$  (vary with  $E_T$ ) dominant source of systematic
  - ❖ assignment jet-partons: combinatoric problem



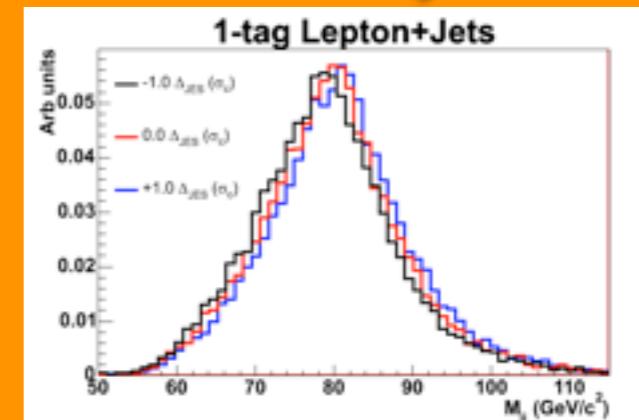
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  - ❖ need to correct for detector effects, hadronization and underlying event : Jet Energy Scale (JES) uncertainties  $\sim 3\%$  (vary with  $E_T$ ) dominant source of systematic
  - ❖ assignment jet-partons: combinatoric problem

reduced by using b-tagging information

## In-situ JES calibration

Use reconstructed  $W$  mass (hadronically decay) to constrain JES



# Techniques

## Matrix Element

Define an event probability that the observed kinematics arise from a top pair decay as a function of the top mass and JES.

- Integrate over the parton-level differential cross section , PDF and transfer functions that maps a set of observed variables to that of the partons (detector resolution effects).
- Maximize Final Likelihood : product of the Probabilities for the observed data

## Template

- build distribution (template) of variables sensitive to top mass and JES
- Maximize a likelihood where observed distributions are compared to expectations at different top mass and JES

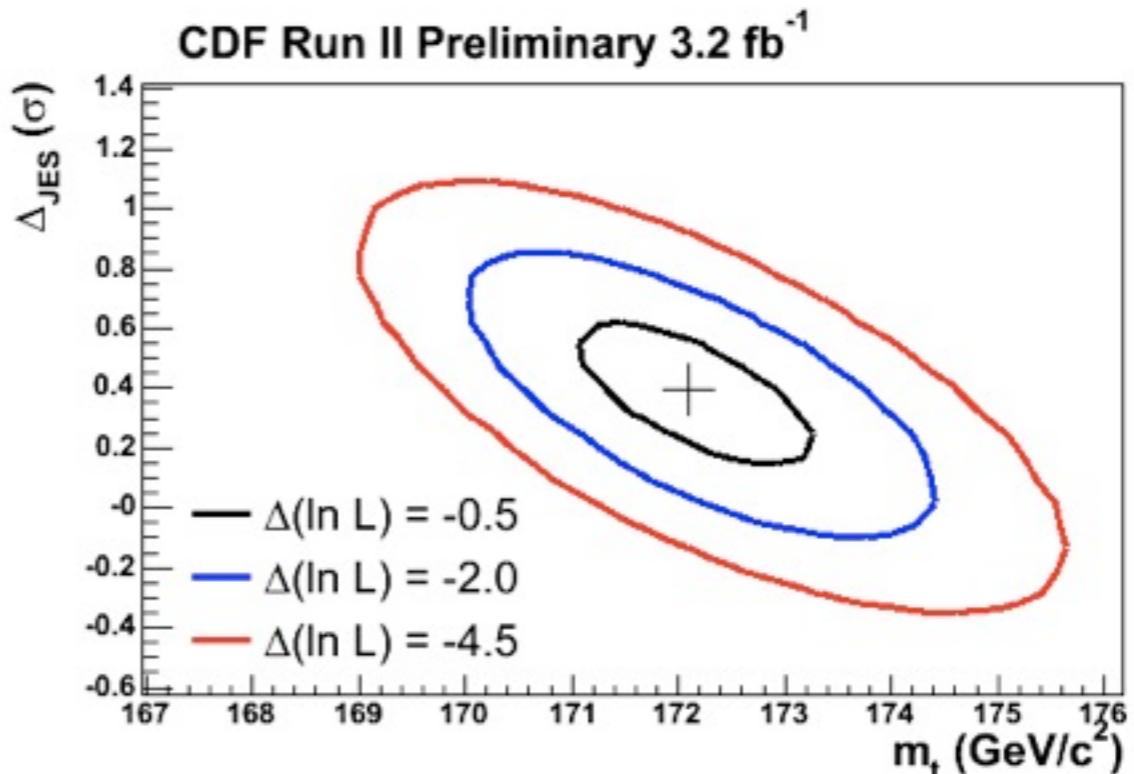
# Lepton+Jets Channel

3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- 4 jets and  $\geq 1$  b-tag
- Matrix element technique
- In-situ JES calibration
  - 2D Likelihood :  $L(m_t, \Delta_{\text{JES}})$
  - $\Delta_{\text{JES}}$  : shift in units of JES error



$172.1 \pm 0.9 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.3 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$



single measurement with  
precision < 1%



LJ Top Mass  
3.6fb<sup>-1</sup>

$173.7 \pm 0.8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.6 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$

# Dilepton Channel



3.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>

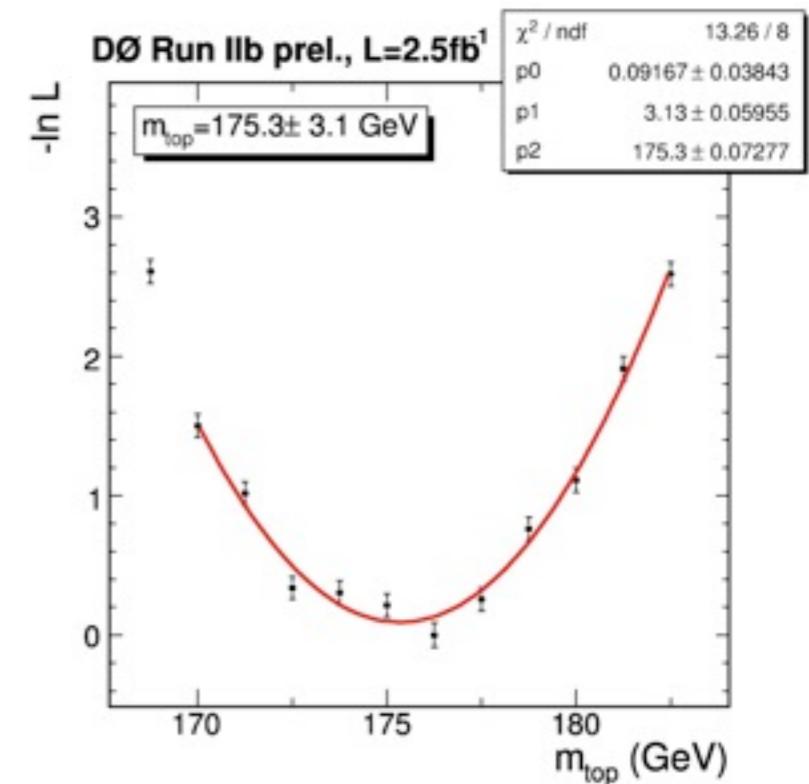
- matrix element technique
- using eμ, ≥2 jets

$|174.8 \pm 3.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 2.6 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$

- Combine with result from a template method with Neutrino Weighting Algorithm (in 1fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - NWA used to resolve the under-constrained kinematics due to 2 neutrinos.

$|174.7 \pm 2.9 \text{ (stat)} \pm 2.4 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$\sigma/m_t = 2.2\%$



# All-Hadronic Channel

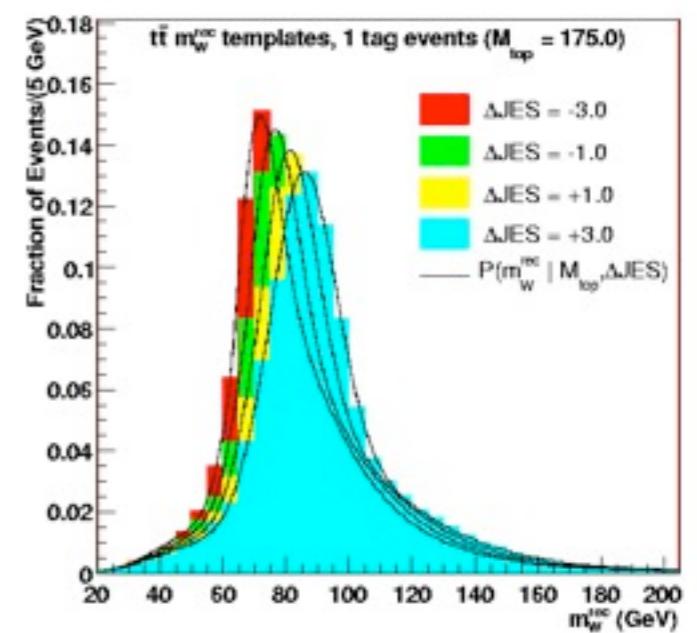
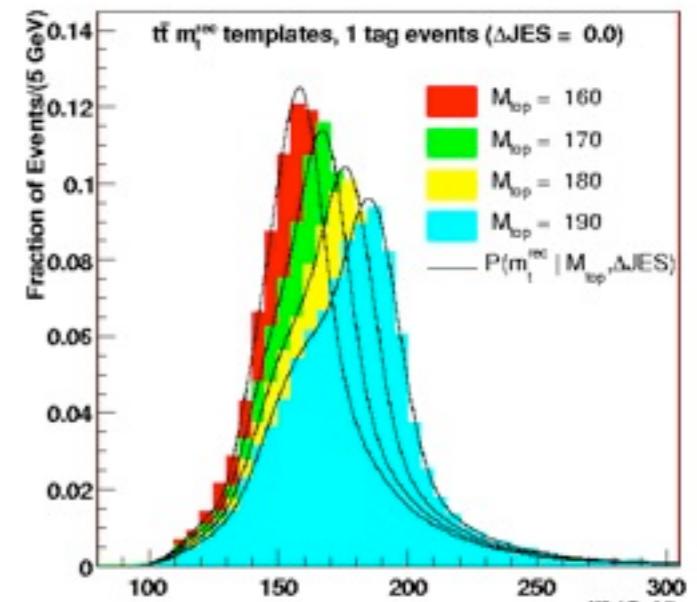
- Very challenging due to large QCD backgrounds
- select events with  $\geq 6$  jets, 1 and  $\geq 2$  b-tag
- use NeuralNet (including jet shape variables for q vs g initiated jets) to discriminate Signal over Background.
- Includes In-Situ JES calibration
- Template method ( $m_t$ ,  $\Delta_{\text{JES}}$ )

$174.8 \pm 1.7 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.9 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$\sigma/m_t = 1.5\%$



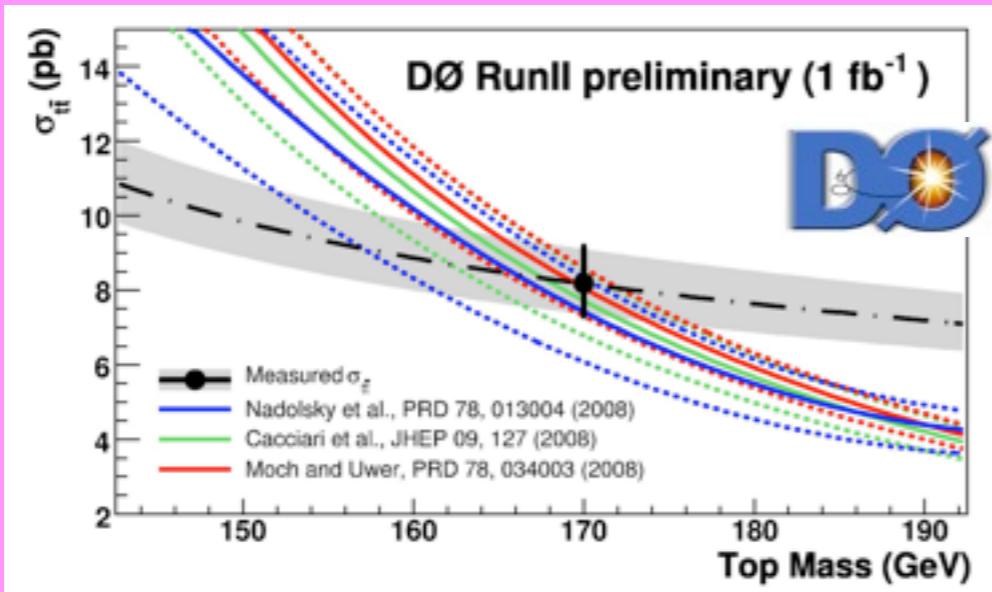
2.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## Indirect Measurement

Using parametrizations of the experimental and theoretical cross section as a function of mass:

build a joint Likelihood  $L(\sigma, m_t)$

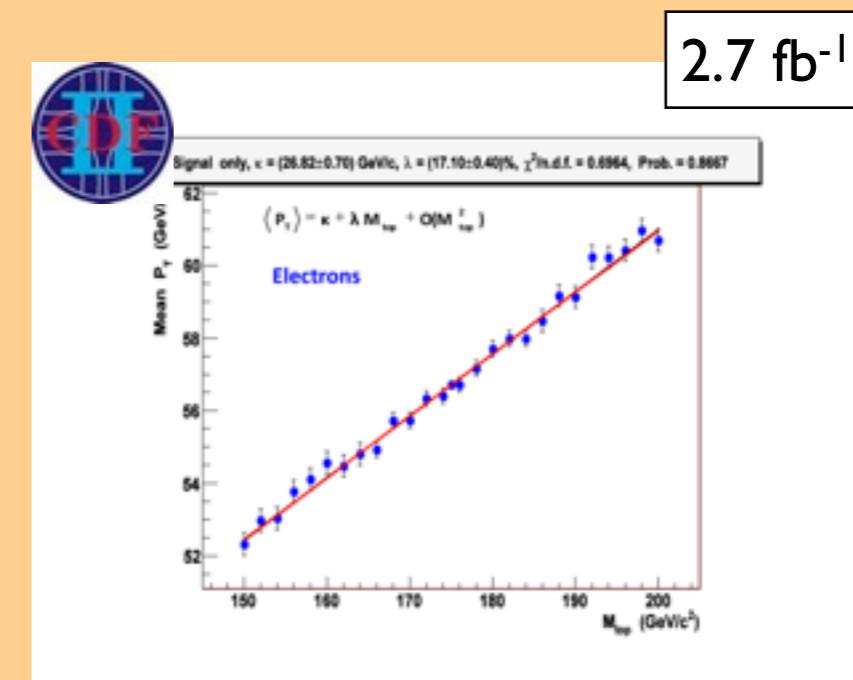


$$169.1^{+5.9}_{-5.2} \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

done for LJ and DIL  
NLO+NLL and NNLO<sub>approx</sub>  
arXiv:0903.5525 [hep-ex]

## Reducing JES dependence

Exploit correlation between Lepton momentum and top mass in L+J channel.

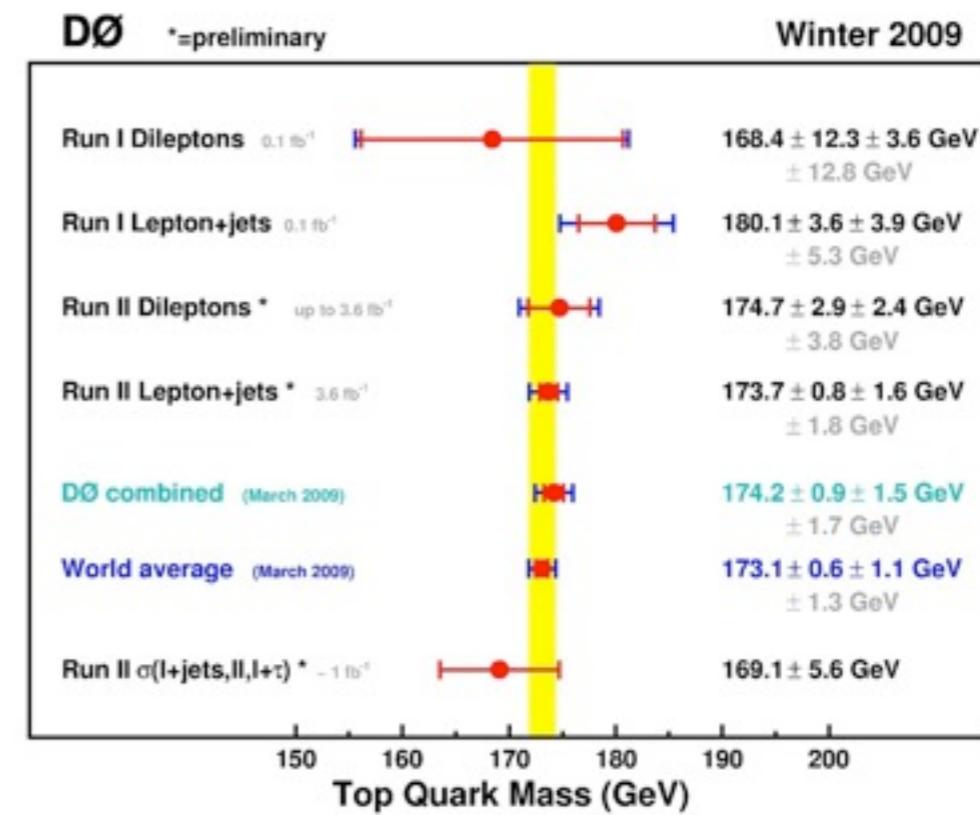
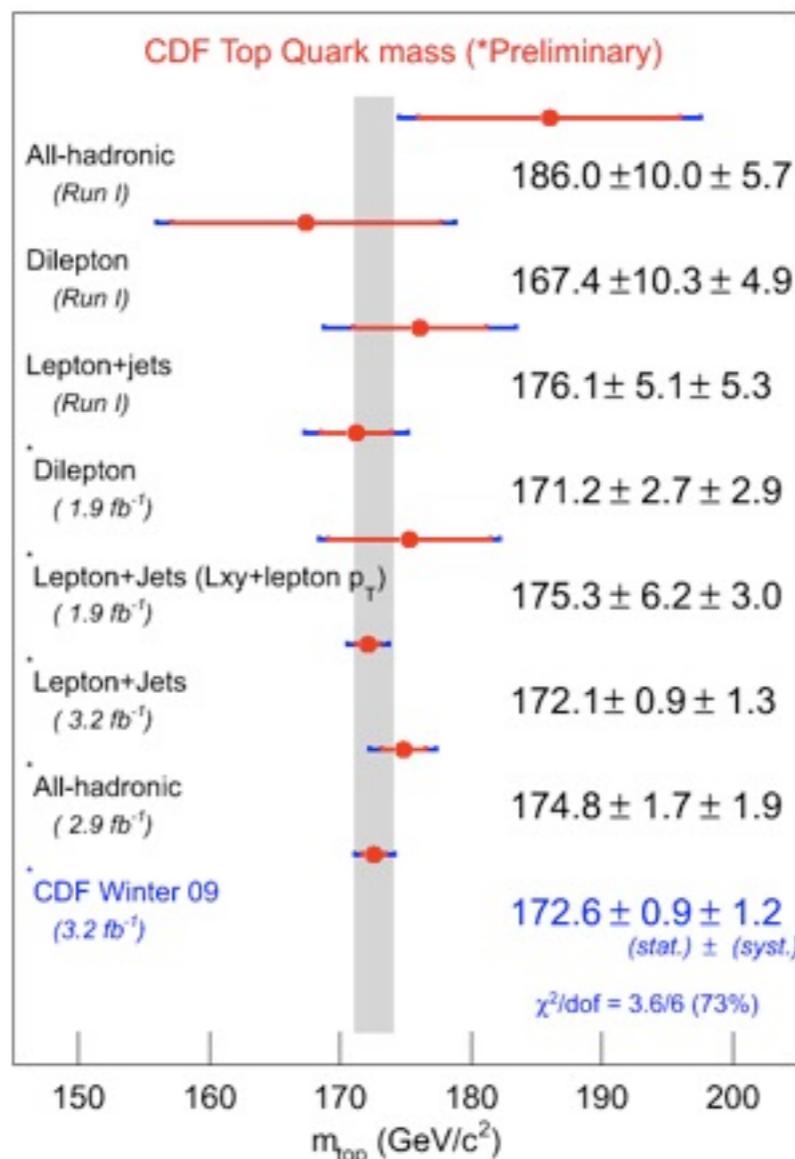


$$172.1 \pm 7.9 \text{ (stat)} \pm 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

combine electron and muon  
checked using mean and shape

# Top Mass combination

Most precise measurements per channel and per experiment



- Consistent results between channels
- Combine results for better precision

# Systematic Uncertainties

- Measurements are systematic dominated.
- Part of JES however has became statistical (from In-situ calibration)
- Still residual JES (differences with respect to b-jets JES or dependence on  $p_T$  or  $\eta$ )

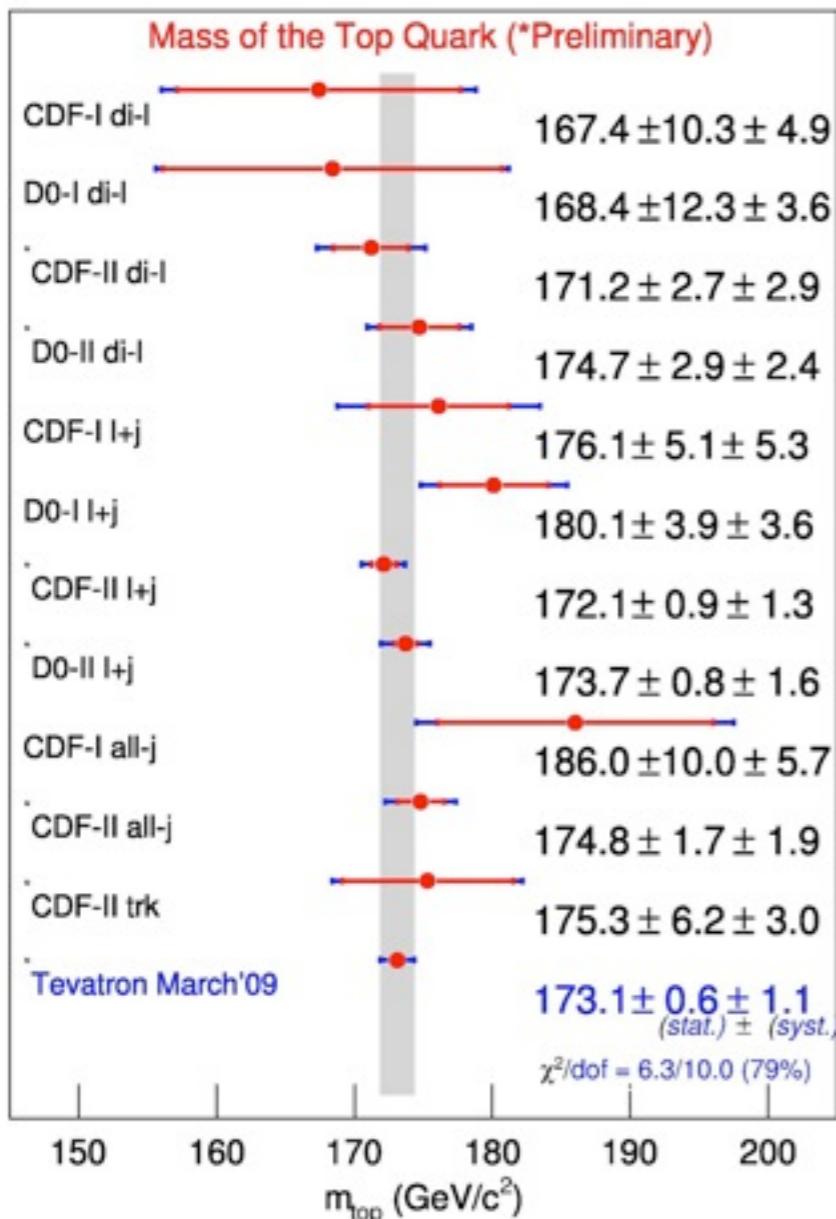
On-going joint (CDF+D0) effort to re-examine each source of uncertainty established common categories



| Systematic source            | Systematic uncertainty ( $\text{GeV}/c^2$ ) |
|------------------------------|---|
| Calibration                  | 0.2   |
| MC generator                 | 0.5   |
| ISR and FSR                  | 0.3   |
| Residual JES                 | 0.5   |
| $b$ -JES                     | 0.4   |
| Lepton $P_T$                 | 0.2   |
| Multiple hadron interactions | 0.1   |
| PDF's                        | 0.2   |
| Background                   | 0.5   |
| Color reconnection           | 0.4   |
| Total                        | 1.1   |

Example taken from CDF LJ analysis

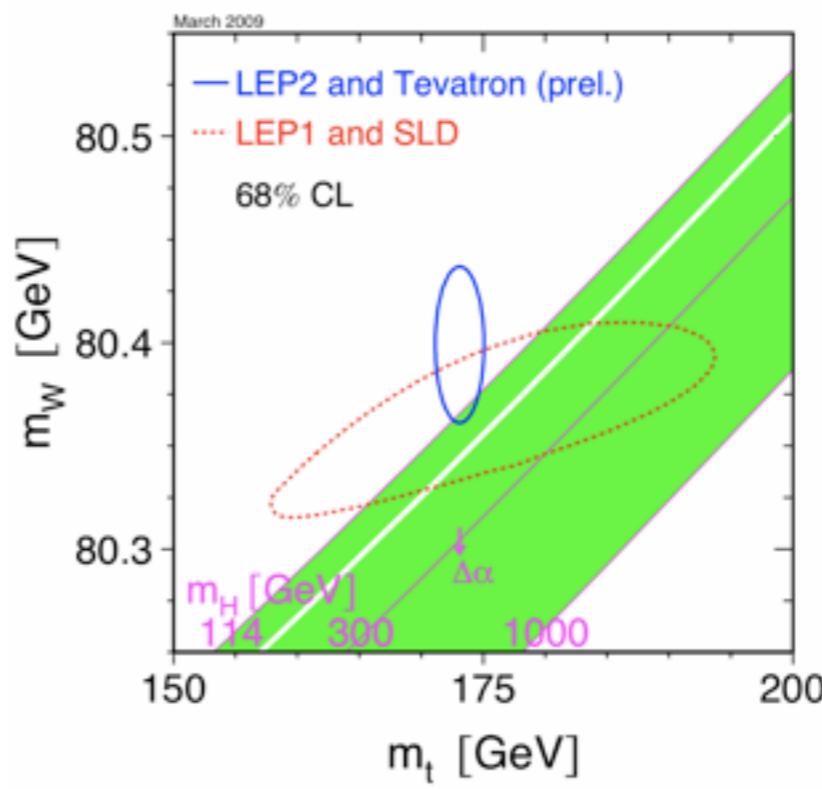
# Tevatron combination



Reference:  
arXiv:0903.2503

**173.1  $\pm$  0.6 (stat)  $\pm$  1.1 (syst)**

- ★ 1.3 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> uncertainty
- ★ 0.75% precision

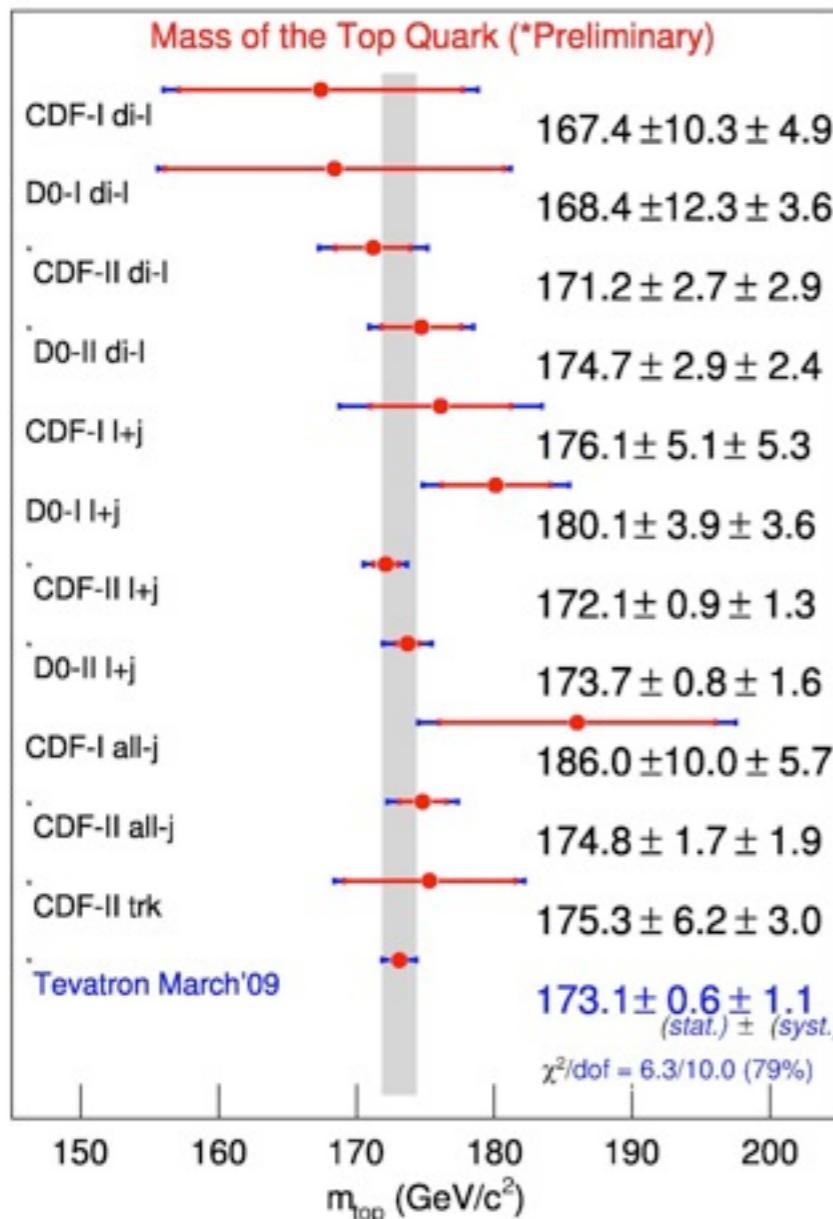


Electroweak fit  
which incorporates new  
TeV top mass  
and the TeV 95% CL  
exclusion of the SM  
Higgs Boson  
(160-170GeV)

From EWK fits  
 $m_H = 90^{+36}_{-27}$  GeV  
 $m_H < 163$  GeV

<http://lepewwg.web.cern.ch/LEPEWWG/>

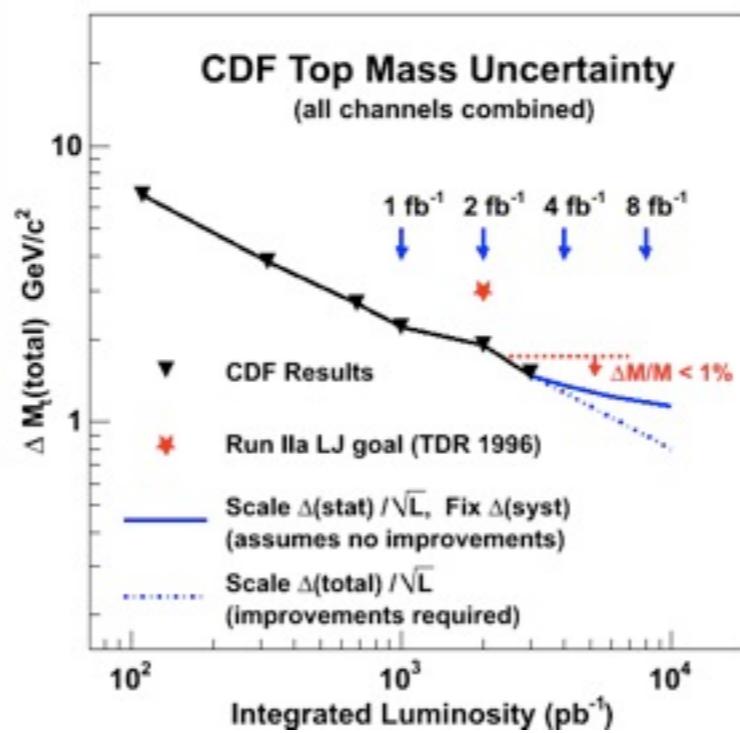
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**173.1  $\pm$  0.6 (stat)  $\pm$  1.1 (syst)**

- ★ 1.3 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> uncertainty
- ★ 0.75% precision



Already beyond RunII goal,  
can we do even better?  
on-going studies....

# **Top Properties**

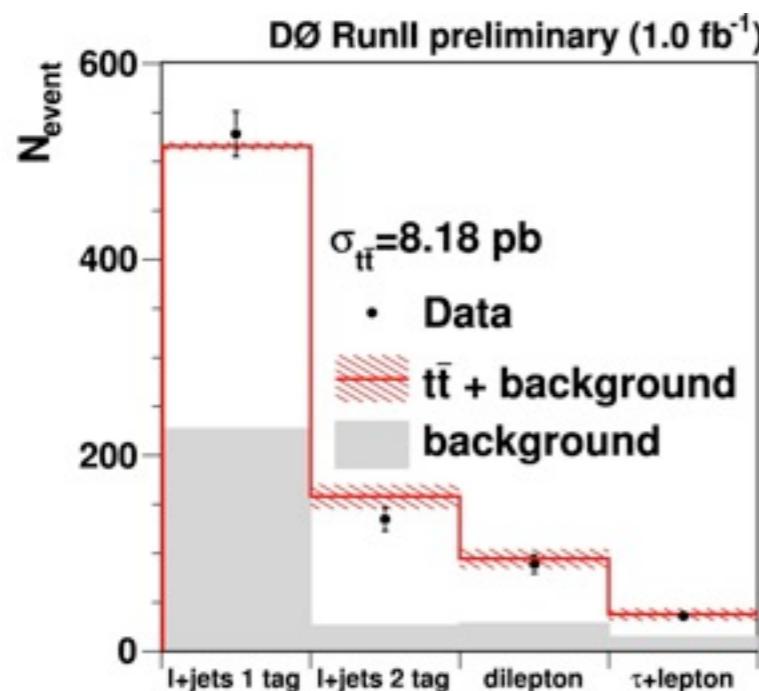
**and**

# **Searches for new physics**

# Cross-section ratios

New Physics may appear only on some channels:  
for example  $t \rightarrow H^+ b \rightarrow \tau \nu b$

1.0 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## Cross-section ratios

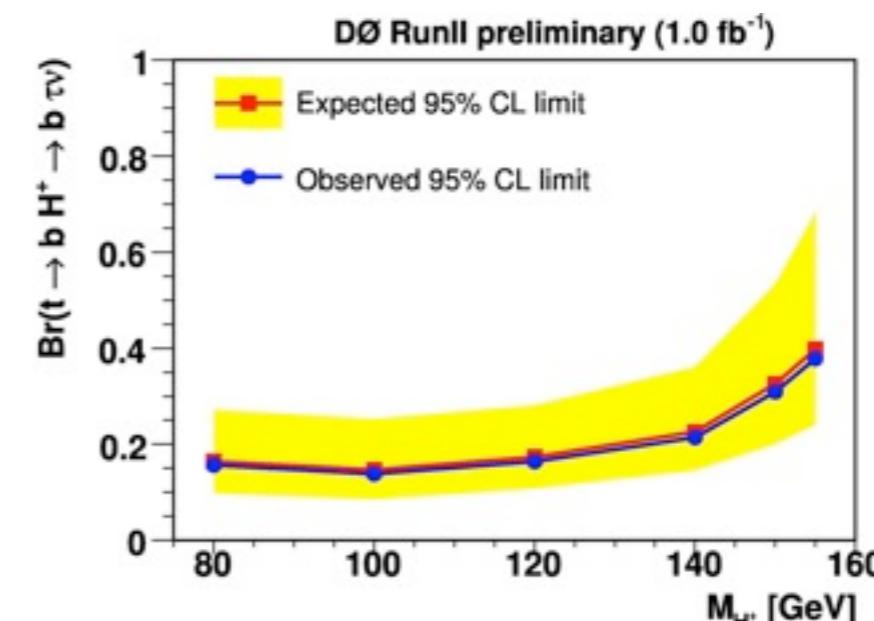
$$R_{ll/lj} = 0.86^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$$

$$R_{\tau l/ll+lj} = 0.97^{+0.32}_{-0.29}$$

Consistent with SM expectation

Establish limits on  
 $\text{Br}(t \rightarrow H^+ b)$   
 $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$

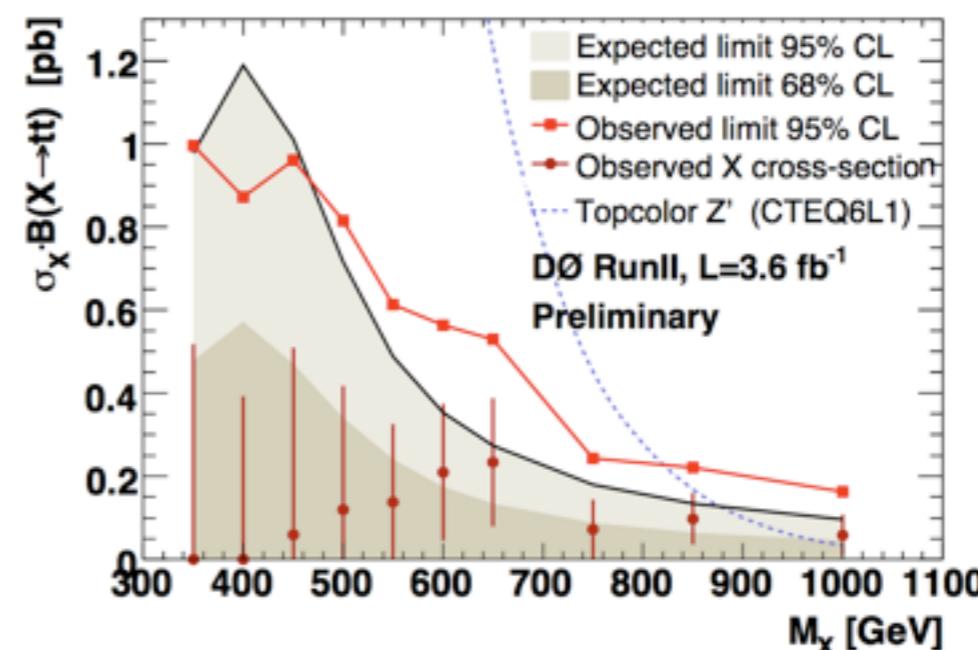
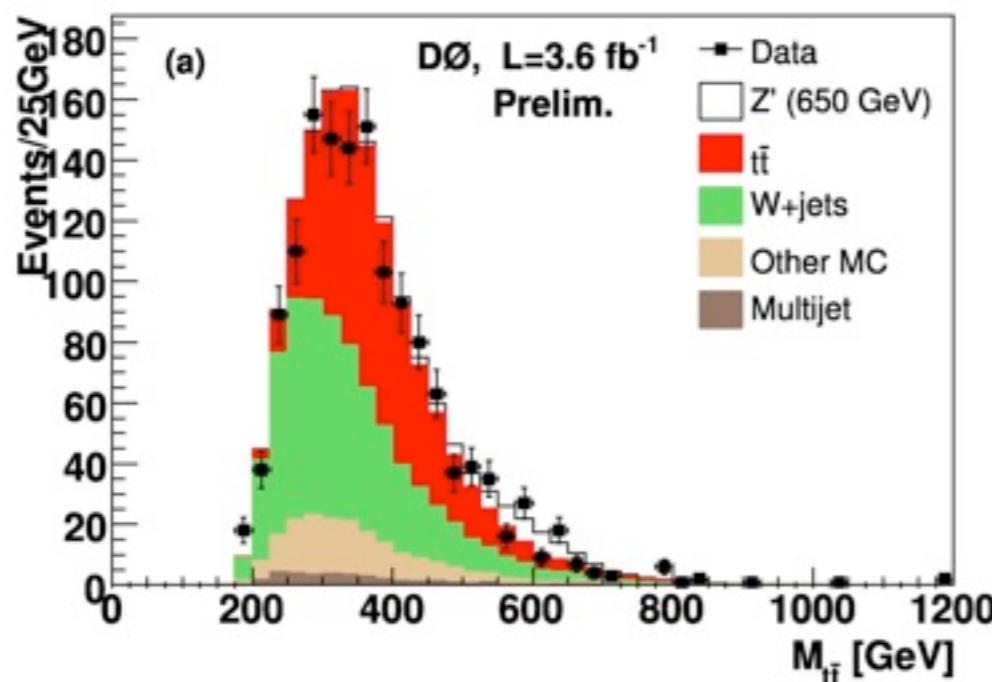
References:  
CDF PRL 96 042003 (2006)  
DØ arXiv.org:0903.5525



# Resonant Production

3.6  $\text{fb}^{-1}$

- Search for narrow-width resonances decaying into a pair of top quarks
- L+Jets channel (3 or more jets), 1 or more b-tags
- Reconstruct invariant mass and compare with templates built from simulation (for SM contributions and various narrow width heavy resonances).



for a narrow width topcolor Z'  
 $M_{Z'} < 820 \text{ GeV}$  excluded @ 95%CL

References: CDF PRL 100 238101 (2008) ( $\sim 0.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $M_{Z'} < 725 \text{ GeV}$ )

DØ PLB 668, 98 (2008) ( $\sim 0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $M_{Z'} < 700 \text{ GeV}$ )

# Forward-backward asymmetry

- New physics models could give rise to a  $A_{FB}$  asymmetry (axigluons).

- NLO QCD calculations predict:  
 $A_c = 5 \pm 1.5\%$  (p $\bar{p}$  frame)

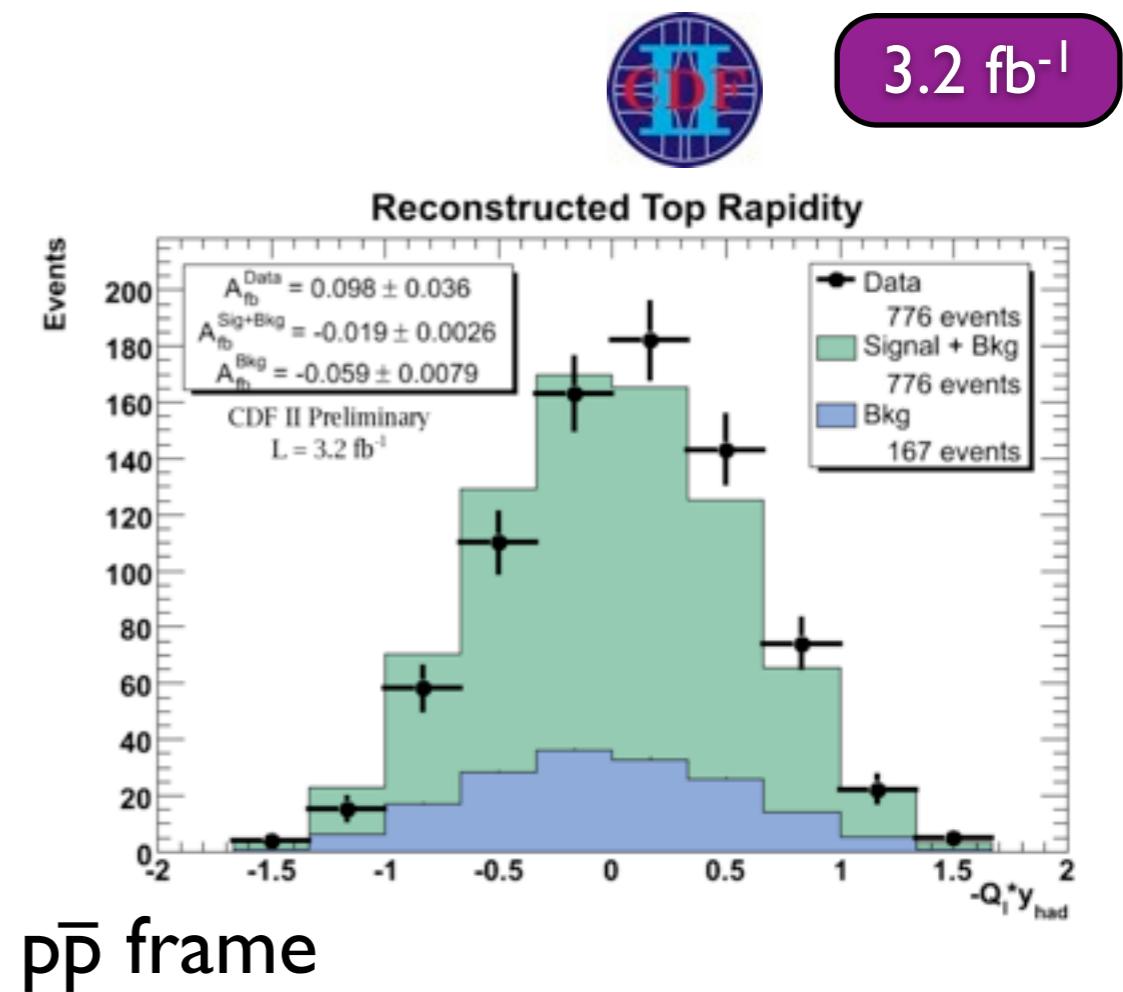
- If CP, it can be interpreted as

$$A_{FB} = \frac{N_t(p) - N_t(\bar{p})}{N_t(p) + N_t(\bar{p})}$$

- L+Jets channel ( $\geq 4$  jets),  $\geq 1$  b-tag

- Use rapidity of hadronically decaying top

- Correct by detector effects



$A_{fb} = 19.3 \pm 6.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 2.4 \text{ (syst)} \%$

References:  
CDF PRL 100 202001 (2008) :  
 $1.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}, A_{fb} = 0.17 \pm 0.08$

D0 PRL 100, 142002 (2008) :  
 $0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}, A_{fb} = 0.12 \pm 0.08$   
(observed)

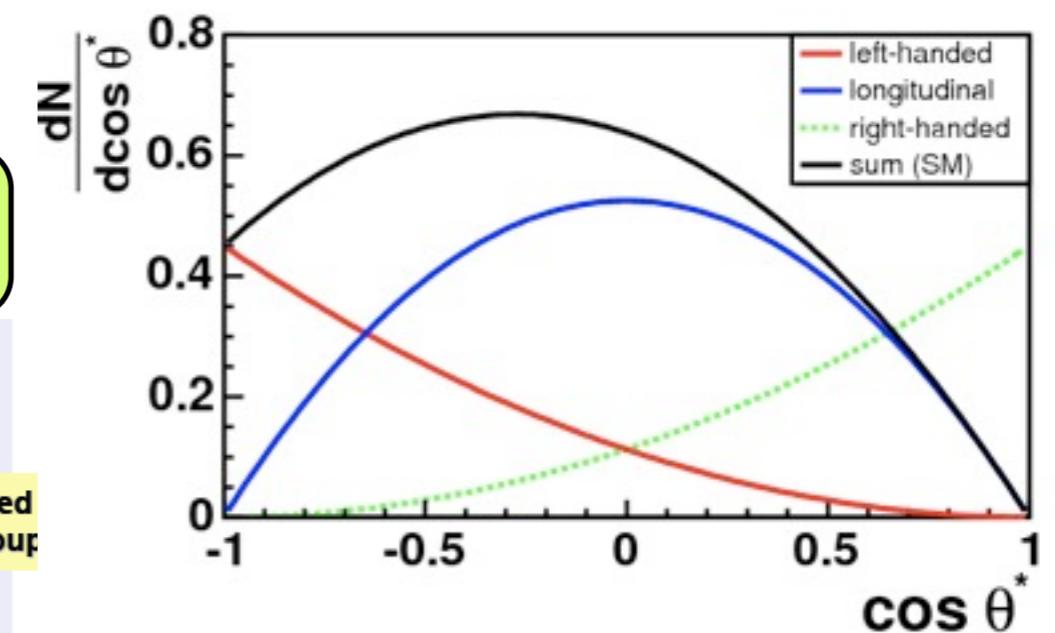
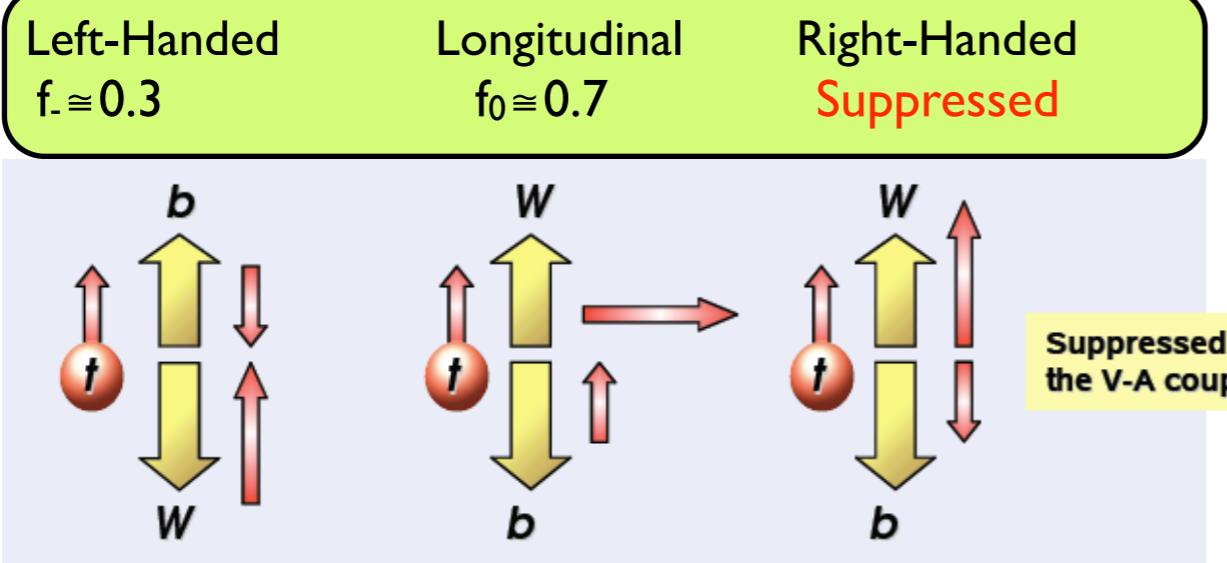
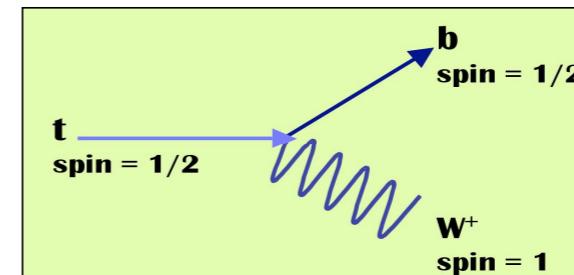
# Examining the Wtb vertex

## W boson helicity

In SM

$t \rightarrow Wb \sim 100\%$

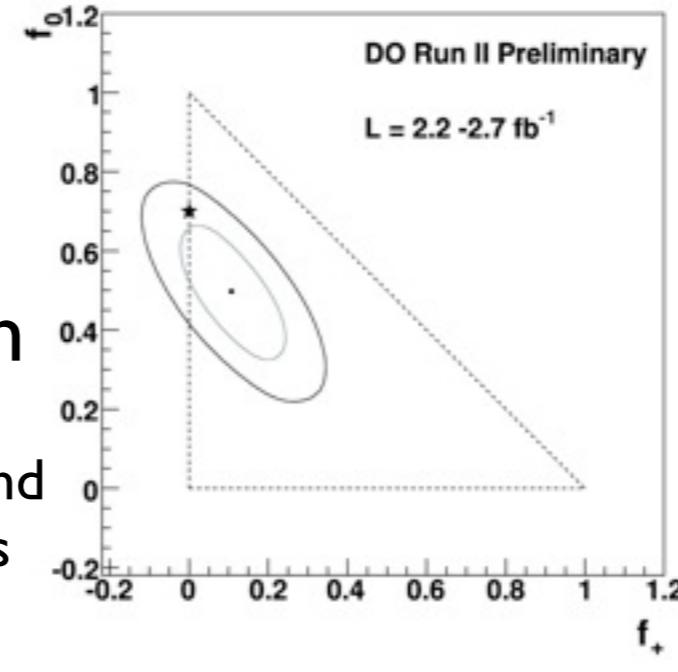
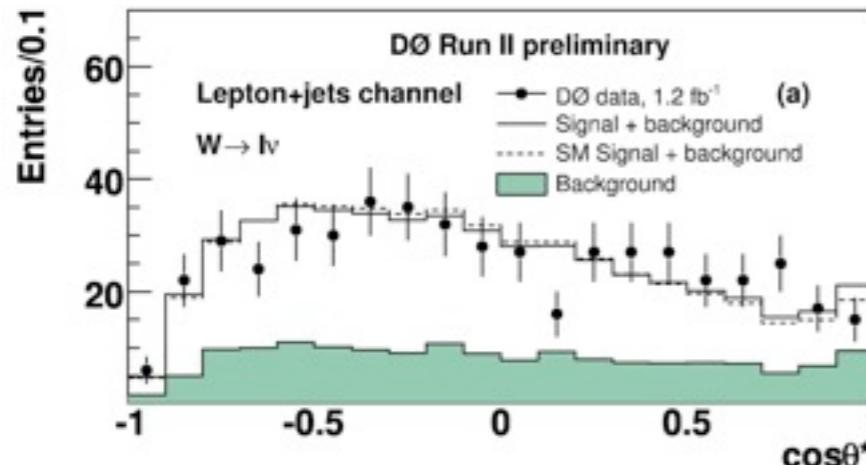
due to the V-A nature of the vertex, expect:



decay angle of down-type fermion  
in the  $W$  rest frame with respect  
to the top quark direction

# W Helicity

## probing the tWb vertex



### Using L+J and Dilepton

compare data to signal+background  
templates for given fraction values

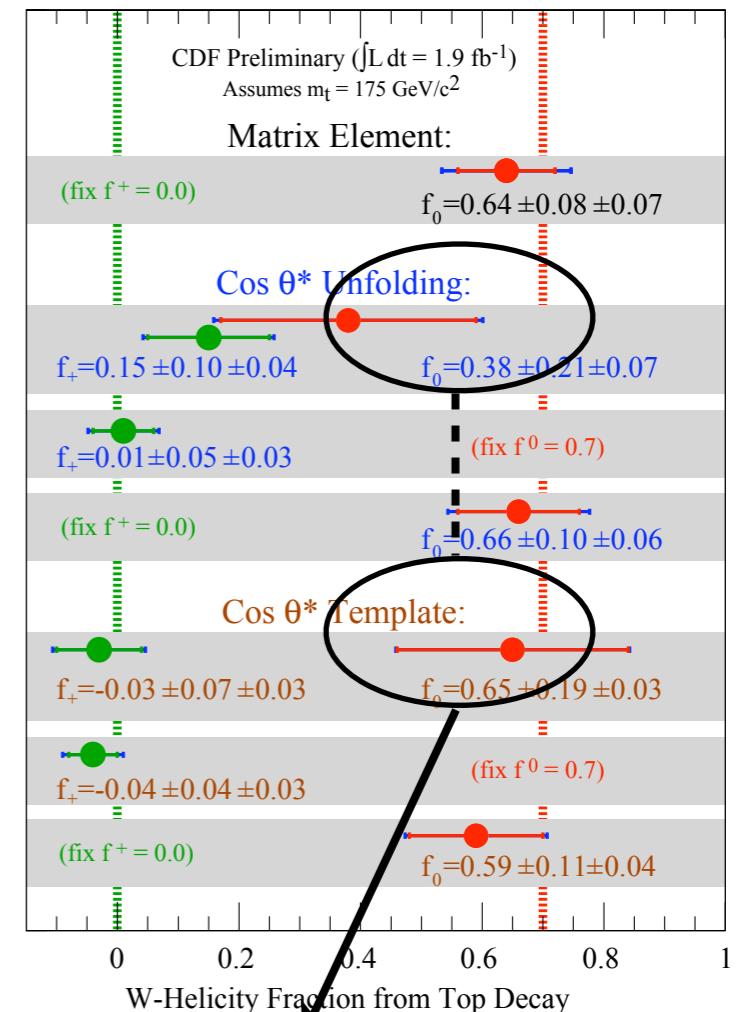
make 2D fit (model independent)

$$f_0 = 0.490 \pm 0.106 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.085 \text{ (syst)}$$

$$f_+ = 0.110 \pm 0.059 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.052 \text{ (syst)}$$

1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  Reference:  
D0 PRL 100 062004 (2008)

Reference:  
CDF PLB 674 p160 (2009)



### Combination

assuming  $f_+ = 0$   
 $f_0 = 0.62 \pm 0.10 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (syst)}$   
 or  $f_0 = 0.7$   
 $f_+ = -0.04 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.03 \text{ (syst)}$

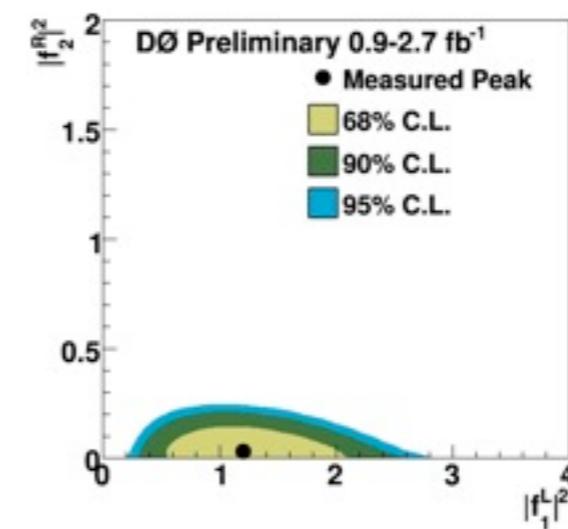
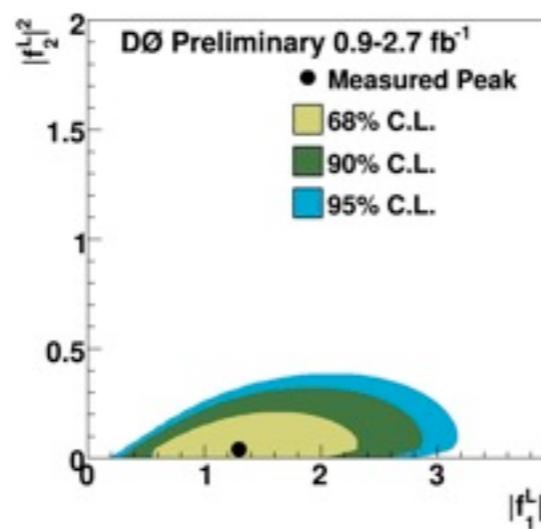
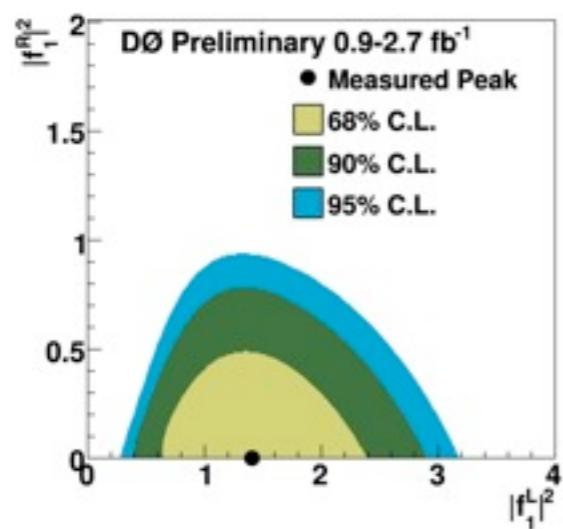
# Anomalous Couplings

$$L_{tWb} = \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_\mu^- \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (f_1^L P_L + f_1^R P_R) t - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2M}} \partial_\nu W_\mu^- \bar{b} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (f_2^L P_L + f_2^R P_R) t + h.c.$$



SM values :  $f_1^L = 1$ ,  $f_1^R = f_2^L = f_2^R = 0$

- observables like the W helicity fractions or the single top cross section will depend on the tWb couplings (C.R. Chen, F. Larios and C.P. Yuan, Phys.Lett.B631:126)
- Our measurements can therefore be used to do a general analysis of the vertex
- By investigating one pair of coupling form factors at a time (others at SM value):



find 95%CL  
if  $f_1^L = 1$   
 $|f_1^R|^2 < 0.72$   
 $|f_2^L|^2 < 0.19$   
 $|f_2^R|^2 < 0.20$

Consistent with SM

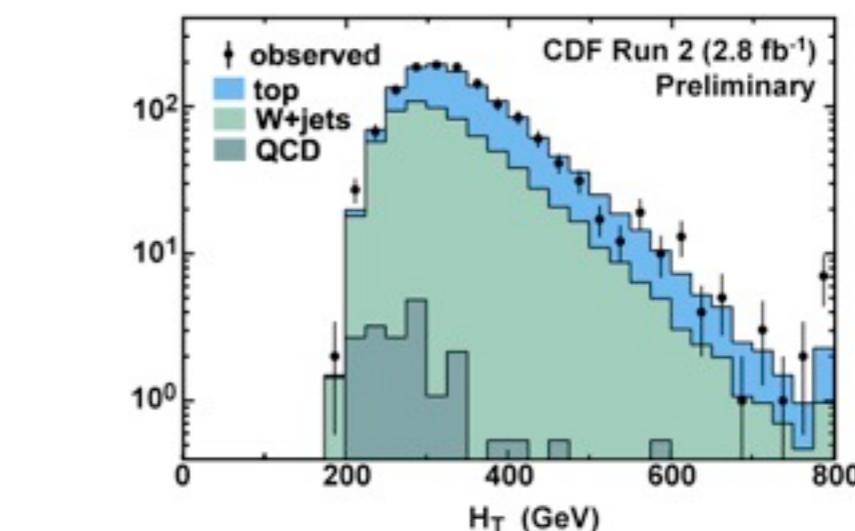
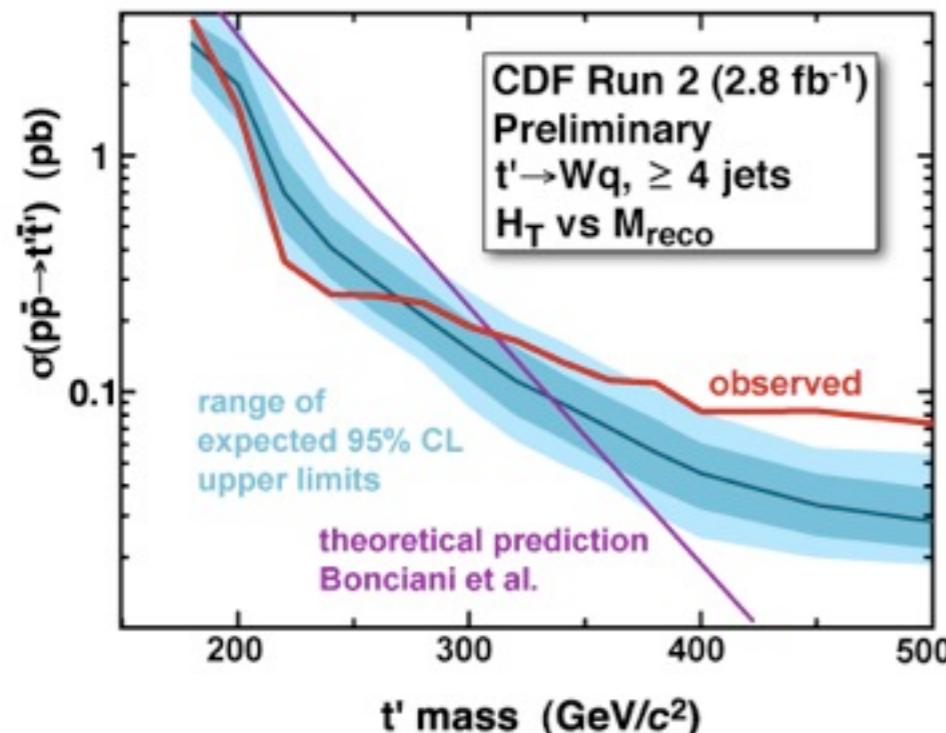
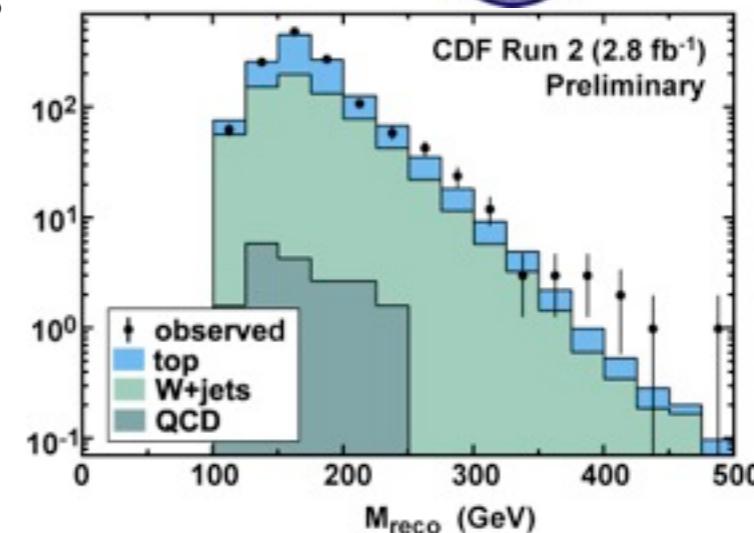
$\text{fb}^{-1}$  Reference:  
D0 PRL 102 092002 (2009)

# Search for heavy Top-like quarks

- Search for a heavy top-like quark ( $t'$ ) decaying to  $Wq$
- Present in various theories
  - predicting 4-th generation of massive fermions PRD 64, 053004 (2001)
  - Heavy top-like: Little Higgs PRD 69, 075002 (2004)
  - Fermion doublets: Beautiful Mirrors PRD 65, 053002 (2002)
- In L+Jets channel, reconstruct event and perform a 2D Likelihood fit to  $M_t$  and  $H_T$



$2.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Exclude @ 95%CL  
 $M_{t'} < 311 \text{ GeV}$

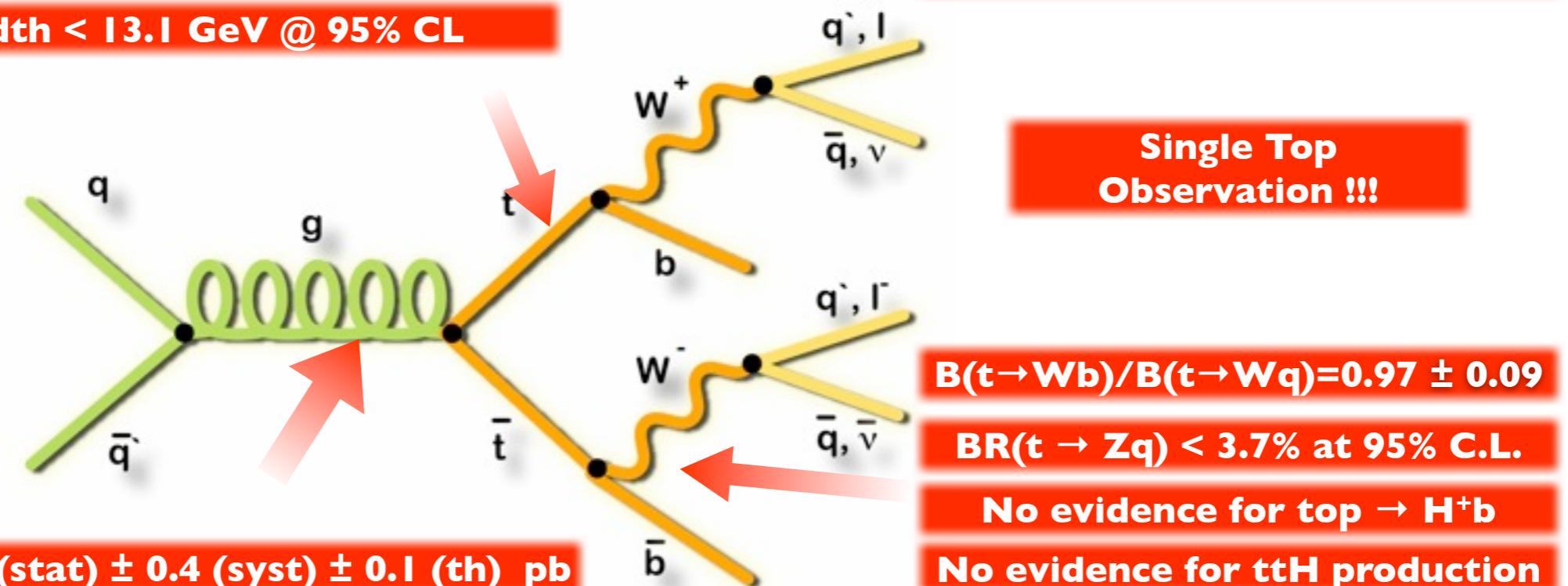
0.76  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  Reference:  
 CDF PRL 100 161803 (2008)

# Summary

$M_t = 173.1 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  (TeV comb.)

Top charge : not  $4/3$  @ 87% CL

Top width  $< 13.1 \text{ GeV}$  @ 95% CL



$\sigma = 6.9 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.4 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (th)} \text{ pb}$

$A_{fb} = 19.3 \pm 6.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 2.4 \text{ (syst)} \%$

Excl.  $M_{Z'} < 820 \text{ GeV}$  at 95% CL

$d\sigma/dM_{tt}$  no discrepancy with SM

fraction via gg fusion :  $0.07^{+0.15}_{-0.07}$

For details and more on  
single top , refer to →

# More Information @

- **Mini-symposium in Single Top:**
  - May 3 2009 10:45AM, Governor's Square II
- **Parallel talks:**
  - Top Mass, May 3 2009 1:30PM, Governor's Square II
  - Top and Higgs Physics, May 5 2009 10:45AM, Governor's Square II
  - QCD Physics, May 4 2009 1:30 pm, Plaza Court 4
- **Experiment's web pages:**
  - ❖ [http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/top/top\\_public\\_web\\_pages/  
top\\_public.html](http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/top/top_public_web_pages/top_public.html)
  - ❖ <http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/top/top.html>

# Conclusions

- Top Physics has entered the realm of precision physics at the Tevatron
- We are studying top from many angles,
  - ➡ so far experimental measurements agree with SM predictions
- More data is being analyzed
  - ❖ more than  $5\text{fb}^{-1}$  on tape (expected  $>8\text{fb}^{-1}$  by 2010)

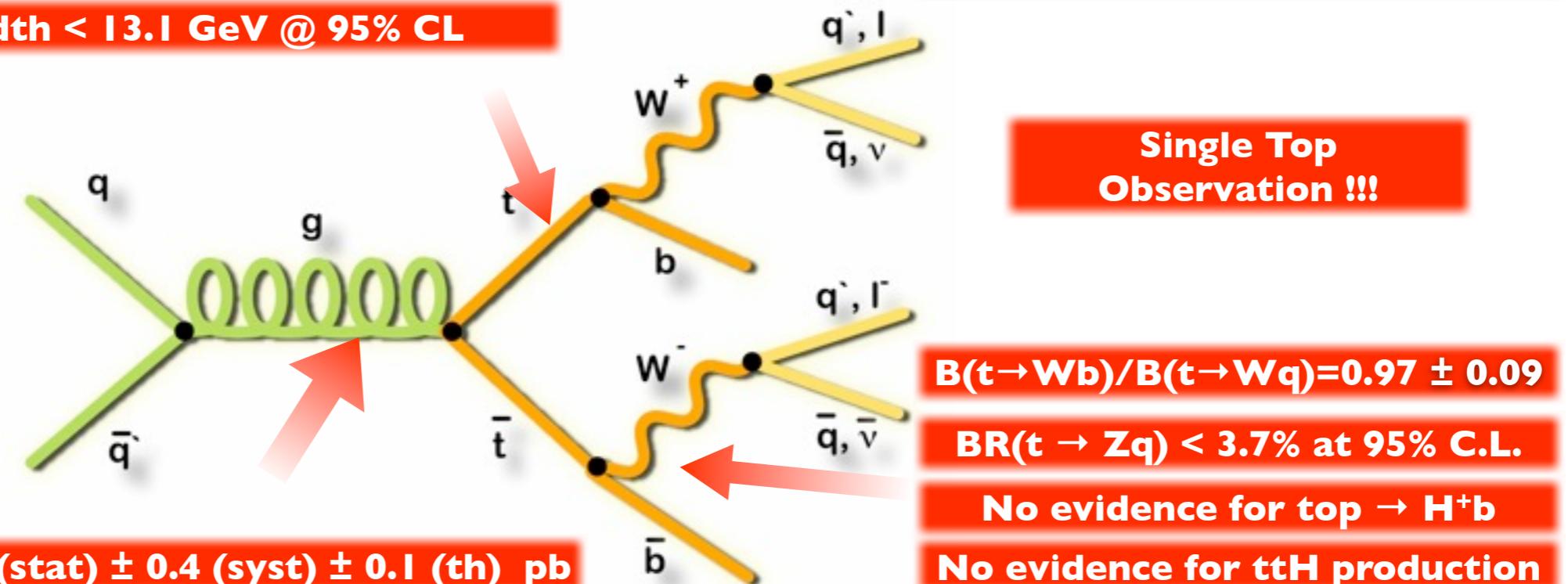
**Stay tuned !!**

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