Building the Superconducting Super Collider, 1989 – 1993:*

The Problem of Project Management

Michael Riordan

UC Santa Cruz & Stanford University

*Research supported by NSF Award No. 823296.



Major Projects in High-Energy Physics

Stanford Linear Accelerator Center

- constructed 1961–1966
- \$114 million (~ \$600 million 1990\$)
- Wolfgang Panofsky, SLAC Director

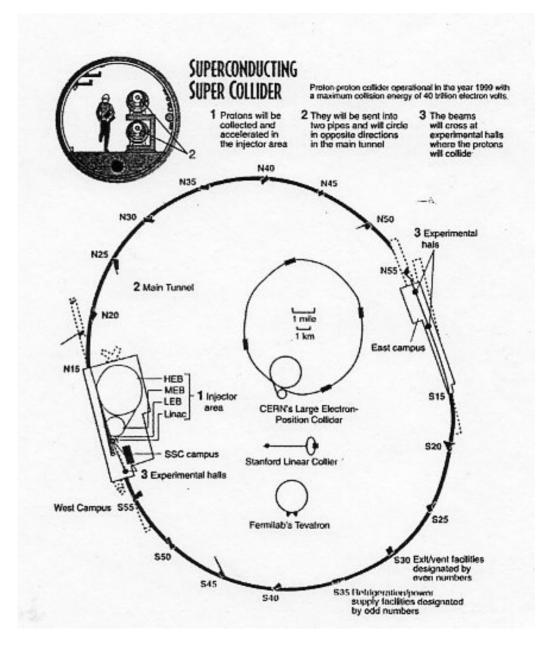
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

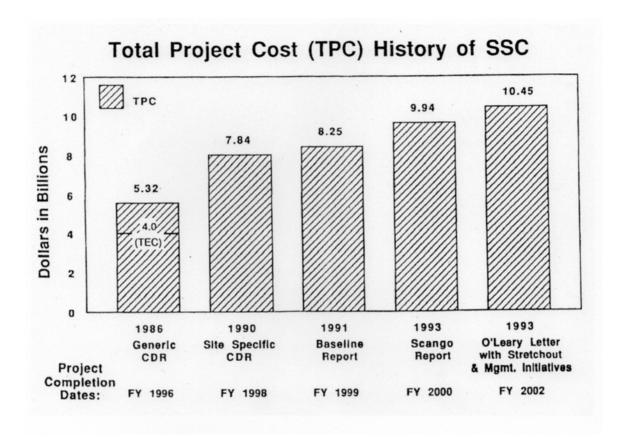
- constructed 1968–1972
- \$243 million (~ \$800 million 1990\$)
- Robert Wilson, Fermilab Director

CERN Large Electron Positron Collider

- constructed 1983–1989
- 910 million Swiss francs* (budgeted)
- Herwig Schopper, CERN Director
- Emilio Picasso, Project Manager

^{*}external costs of equipment only, as projected, in 1983 Swiss francs. Later cost overruns — tunneling under Jura





SSC Cost Growth, 1986–1993

From Daniel Lehman, "Lessons Learned from the SSC," 1994

Figures given in projected "as-spent" dollars, including expected inflation

Which one is the Project Manager?





Which one is the Project Manager?

And who is the Chief Scientist reporting to him?





The Proposed SSC Management Team*

Universities Research Association, Inc.

- non-profit corp. of ~ 80 universities
- Fermilab M&O contractor since 1968

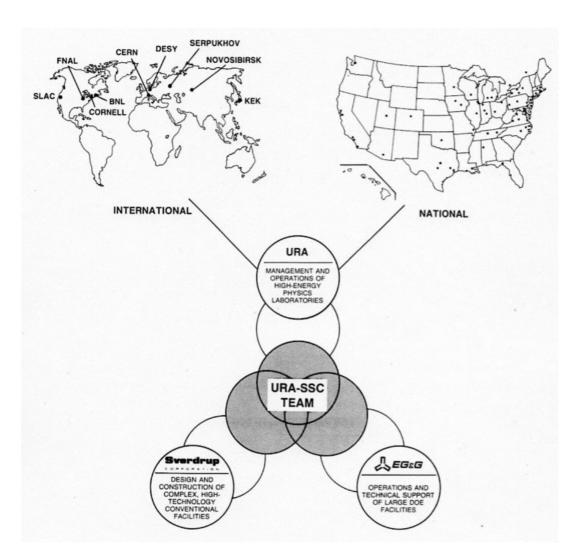
Sverdrup Corporation, St. Louis

- construction management firm
- Trident Submarine Base, Georgia
- Baltimore Harbor Tunnel

EG&G, Inc., Boston

- operations management firm
- Idaho Engineering Laboratory
- Nevada Test Facility

^{*} from URA SSC Management and Operations Proposal, November 1988



Proposed SSC Leadership, November 1988

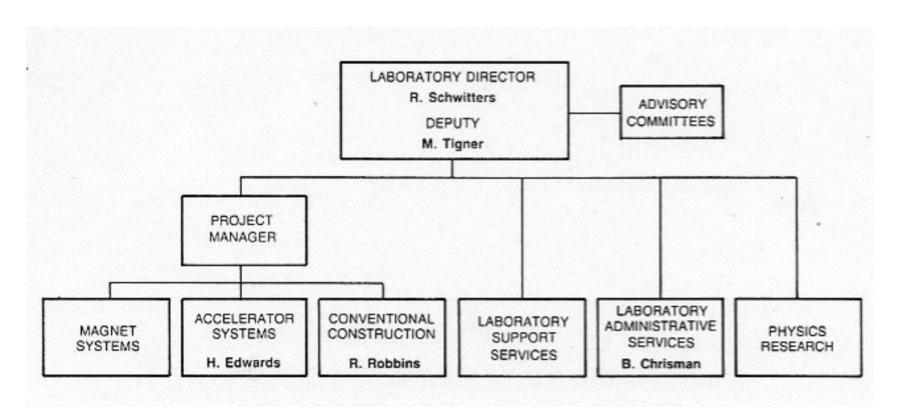
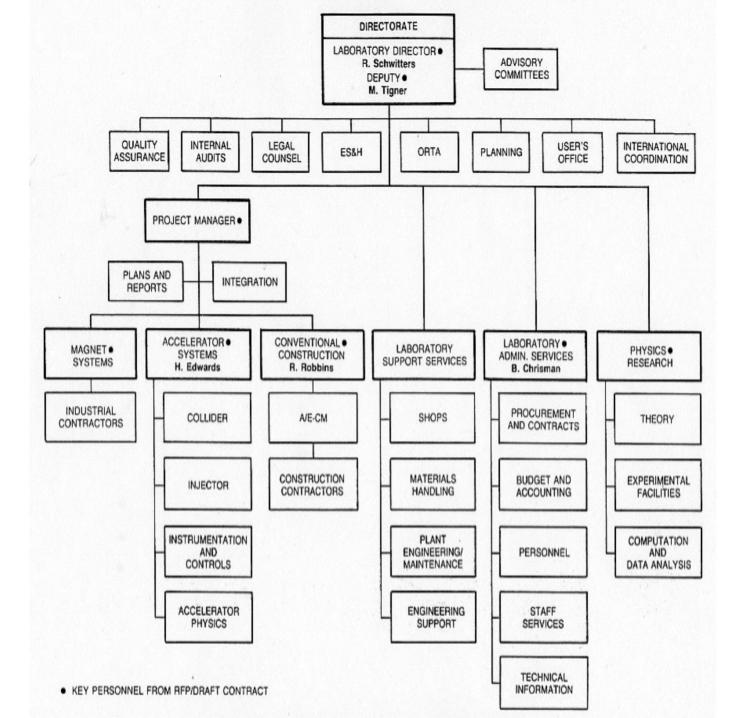
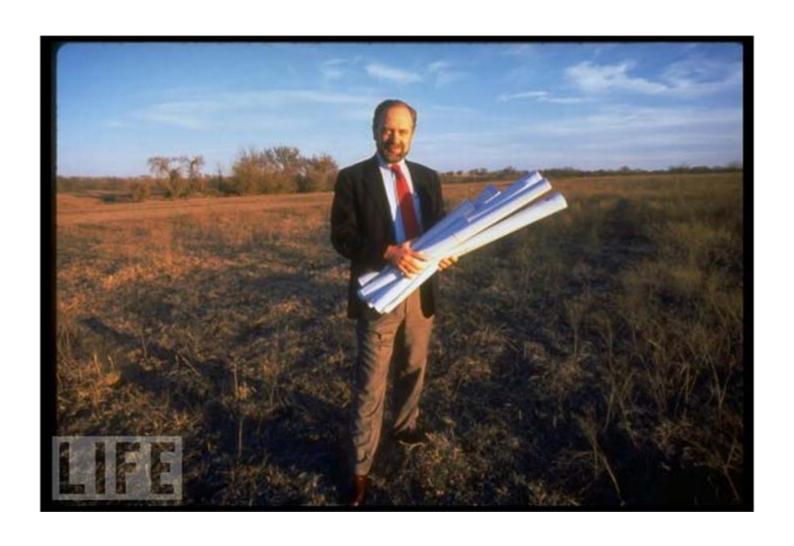


Figure 3.5-1. URA-SSC Laboratory organization.



SSC Lab Director Roy Schwitters



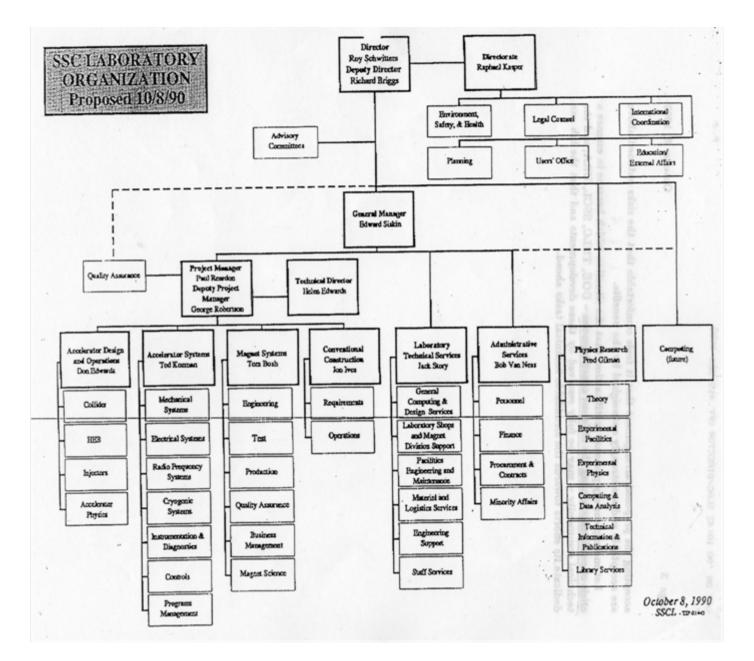
The SSC Project Manager Parade:

- N. Douglas Pewitt (acting), March to October 1989
 - former high government official in OMB, DOE and OSTP
- Richard L. Briggs, October 1989 to March 1990*
 - project manager on LLNL induction accelerator (~\$100M project)
- N. Douglas Pewitt (acting), March to May 1990
- Theodore Kozman (acting), May to September 1990
 - LLNL/LBL mechanical engineer, head of SSC Accelerator Systems Div.
- Paul Reardon, October 1990 to December 1991*
 - former Fermilab Business Manager, Brookhaven Associate Director
- * DOE held up both Project Manager candidates put forth by URA.

DOE's Candidate: Edward Siskin

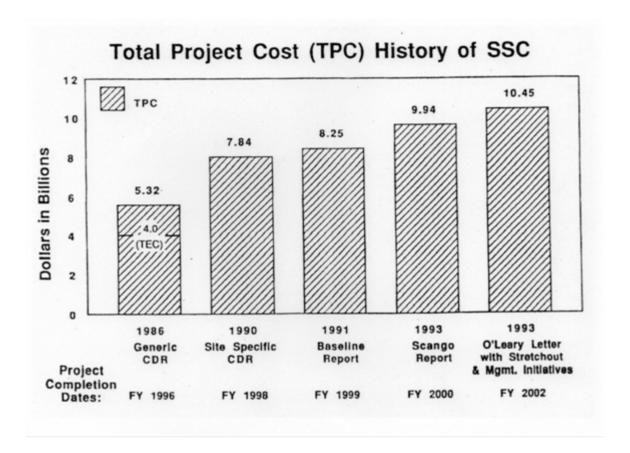
- B.S. degree, Electrical Engineering, Univ. Pennsylvania, 1963
- Naval Reactors Division, Atomic Energy Commission, 1970-84
 - reported to Admiral Hyman G. Rickover, head of the "Nuclear Navy"
 - knew DOE Secretary Admiral James Watkins from Navy experience
- Executive Vice President, Stone & Webster Corp.*, 1984-89
 - was responsible for S&W operations in southeastern United States
 - included all S&W nuclear work and chemical plant safety work
- Registered Professional Engineer in Electrical, Mechanical,
 Chemical, Civil and Nuclear Engineering

^{*} Stone & Webster was construction manager for Oak Ridge lab in WWII.



SSC Project Manager Parade, Continued:

- N. Douglas Pewitt (acting), March to October 1989
 - former high government official in OMB, DOE and OSTP
- Richard L. Briggs, October 1989 to March 1990
 - project manager on LLNL induction accelerator (~ \$100 M project)
- N. Douglas Pewitt (acting), March to May 1990
- Theodore Kozman (acting), May to September 1990
 - LLNL/LBL mechanical engineer, head of SSC Accelerator Systems Div.
- Paul Reardon, September 1990 to December 1991
 - former Fermilab Business Manager, Brookhaven Associate Director
- John Rees, January 1992 to October 1993
 - project manager on SLAC PEP and SLC colliders (~ \$100 M projects)



SSC Cost Growth, 1986–1993

From Daniel Lehman, "Lessons Learned from the SSC," 1994

• 1993 figures include impact of the "Clinton Stretch-Out"

Observations and Opinions

- It was a big mistake to build the SSC at a new, green-field site.
- The DOE was justified to insist that URA have *someone* with large-project management experience in a top management position, but it did so in a counter-productive manner.
- Nobody in high-energy physics had such experience in 1989.
- A good part of the cost overruns experienced on the SSC can be attributed to the absence of a strong project manager.
- While Siskin and Rees were beginning to bring the SSC project under control at the end, it was too little and (much) too late.

Tunnel Visions:

The Rise and Fall
of the
Superconducting
Super Collider
by Michael Riordan,
Lillian Hoddeson

and Adrienne Kolb

